RAPID CITY AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 51-4

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2018



RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA GILLETTE, WYOMING

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

School Board Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Pennington County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We consider item 2018-001 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson, Ltd.

Rapid City, South Dakota

Casy Jeterson, LID.

January 14, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

School Board Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Pennington County, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weakness or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We consider item 2018-002 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in out audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson, Ltd.

Rapid City, South Dakota January 14, 2019

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The Independent Auditor's Report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4.
- b. The Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* disclosed a material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting.
- c. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were noted during the audit.
- d. The Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- e. A material weakness in internal control related to major federal award programs was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- f. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this schedule.
- g. The federal awards tested as major programs were:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program
1. 84.377 2. 84.010 3. 10.582	School Improvement Grant Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program
4. 84.048	Career and Technical Education – Basic Grants to States
	Special Education Cluster
 84.027 84.173 	Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- i. Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 did not qualify as a low-risk entity.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2018

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2018-001 Condition: During our testing of internal controls related to allowable costs and activities, specifically payroll, we noted inconsistencies in personnel documentation. We noted one instance in which the change of status form did not agree with the actual payroll distribution. We noted another instance where the change of status did not agree with the actual payroll distribution, and the Personal Activity Report did not agree with the change of status or the actual payroll distribution.

Criteria: A strong system of internal controls includes proper review and approval of account coding.

Cause: Personnel records are not reviewed to ensure consistency and proper allocation of wages.

Effect: Wages could be incorrectly charged to federal programs. We found all errors were within one program and all costs were allowable; therefore, no questioned costs or noncompliance were identified.

Repeat of Prior Finding: Yes

Auditor's Recommendation: We suggest that only the budget authority for each program or department enter or change account code numbers. If information is not entered or is incorrect, the budget authority should provide corrected information.

Management's Response: Management agrees with the finding. A response can be found in the Corrective Action Plan.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Allowable Costs All Department of Education Major Federal Programs - Payroll

2018-002: See 2018-001 for condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation, and view of responsible officials.



Office of Fiscal and Support Services

300 Sixth Street, Suite 110 Rapid City, SD 57701 P (605) 394-4026

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
Allowances for Uncollectible Student Accounts - Western Dakota Technical Institute

2017-001 *Condition:* The allowance for uncollectable student accounts has not changed since 2014 but the outstanding balance for student accounts had more than doubled. A material adjustment was made to increase the allowance for uncollectable accounts.

Criteria: The WDT accounting/student software does not allow student balances that have been sent to collections to be written off the system and reduced from receivables. Rather, an allowance is used to cover those accounts so students can be tracked should they return to the institution for courses.

Auditor's Recommendation: WDT Management should establish a process whereby monthly, the allowance for uncollectable accounts is adjusted to agree with the student balances sent to collections. In addition, management should be tracking recoveries of bad debts separately and adjusting the allowance accordingly. At least annually, the remaining student balances should be reviewed to estimate the collectability.

Current Status: This finding has been resolved.

Significant Deficiency Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Payroll Processing

2017-002 *Condition*: We noted minor errors in payroll and accruals. We noted that the payroll process is cumbersome due to unreliable and untimely data being provided by the Human Resource department.

Criteria: A strong system of internal controls includes segregation of responsibilities among different team members and oversight and review of data and documents prepared.

Auditor's Recommendation: We suggest that the communications between human resources and payroll be improved such that information being transferred between functions is reliable. In addition, a system of oversight should be implemented to verify information at various stages to ensure accuracy. A system of internal audits of data and processing should be performed regularly to ensure systems are operating at optimal efficiency.

Current Status: This is partially reported in 2018-001.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS- MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no findings identified.



Office of Fiscal and Support Services

300 Sixth Street, Suite 110 Rapid City, SD 57701 P (605) 394-4026

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Casey Peterson, Ltd. 909 St. Joseph Street, Ste 101 Rapid City, SD 57701

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2018-001 Condition: During our testing of internal controls related to allowable costs and activities, specifically payroll, we noted inconsistencies in personnel documentation. We noted one instance in which the change of status form did not agree with the actual payroll distribution. We noted another instance where the change of status did not agree with the actual payroll distribution, and the Personal Activity Report did not agree with the change of status or the actual payroll distribution.

Criteria: A strong system of internal controls includes proper review and approval of account coding.

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: Yes

Auditor's Recommendation: We suggest that only the budget authority for each program or department enter or change account code numbers. If information is not entered or is incorrect, the budget authority should provide corrected information.

Management's Response: Management will continue to monitor internal processes and controls, performing monthly audits concentrated on the data entry and reliability of information provided. Management will also collaborate with the appropriate departments to assign proper account information.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Allowable Costs All Department of Education Major Federal Programs - Payroll

2018-002: See 2018-001 for condition, criteria, auditor's recommendation, and management's response.

If there are any questions regarding this plan, please contact Mary R. Duncan, CPA, CGMA, Accounting Manager, at (605) 394-4026.

Sincerely,

Mary Duncan, CPA, CGMA, Accounting Manager Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Pennington County, South Dakota



Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Pennington County, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Net Pension Liability (Asset), and Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 13 - 23, 84 - 98, 99, 100, and 101 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's basic financial statements. The Balance Sheet - Western Dakota Technical Institute, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Western Dakota Technical Institute, the Schedule of Capital Assets - Western Dakota Technical Institute, and the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities - Western Dakota Technical Institute are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Balance Sheet - Western Dakota Technical Institute, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Western Dakota Technical Institute, the Schedule of Capital Assets - Western Dakota Technical Institute, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The list of District Officials and Corrective Action Plan have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2019 on our consideration of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Casey Peterson, Ltd.

Rapid City, South Dakota January 14, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position from governmental and business type activities increased \$17,598,714, or 11.6%.
 During the year, Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash Designated for Special Purposes, Restricted Cash and Investments increased \$27,208,229, or 39.73%. This is mainly due the issuance of new refunding capital outlay certificates and revenues in excess of expenses.
- During the year, the District's unrestricted revenues generated from taxes and other sources increased \$5,941,809 or 4.9%. The District's net expenses before general revenues decreased \$16,413,018 or 13%.
- The increase in District revenue is due primarily to an increase in state aid and a gain on disposal of capital assets. The decreased net expenses were primarily due to decreased governmental activities net expense in the areas of instruction and support services.
- The District's long-term debt increased by \$33,124,496, or 33%, due to the issuance of refunding capital outlay certificates.
- Total Governmental Fund Balances increased \$27,109,429 or 52.32%, primarily due to decreased expenses. Individual Fund Balance changes are as follows: General Fund increased \$2,300,464, or 16.81%; Capital Outlay Fund increased \$26,854,379 or 110.59%, Special Education Fund increased \$232,686, or 4.64%; Post Secondary Fund increased \$65,694, or 1.65%; Pension Fund decreased \$2,737,814, or 100.00%; and, Debt Service Fund increased \$394,020, or 18.67%.
- The District's Food Service Fund experienced an increase in net position of \$185,431 or 5.52%. Total non-operating revenue was down 2.17%. Revenues from food sales were down 15.60% and federal cash reimbursements from free and reduced student meals were down 4.37%. Operating expenses were down 1.34%.
- The Internal Service Fund (Health Insurance Trust) experienced a \$588,667 or 5.09% increase in net position. Total revenue increased 17.98%. Total expenditures were up \$651,293 due to higher claims.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund financial statements), and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
 - Governmental funds statements tell how general governmental services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like businesses. The only proprietary funds operated by the District are the Food Service Fund, the Self-Insurance Fund and the Preschool Fund.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships like student organization club accounts - in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that provide further explanation of some of the information in the financial statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1
Required Components of Rapid City Area School's Financial Report

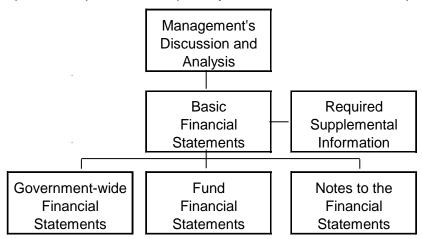


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the activities reported and the types of information they contain. The remainder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Figure A-2								
Major Features of Rapid City School District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements										
	Government-Wide		Fund Statements							
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support and co-curricular activities.	Activities of the District operates similar to private businesses, the food services operation.	Assets held by District on behalf of someone else. Student organizations that have funds on deposit with the District are reported here.						
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of Net Position *Statement of Activities	*Balance Sheet *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	*Statement of Net Position *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position *Statement of Cash Flows	*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position						
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.						
Type of Asset/Deferred Outflow of Resources/ Liability/ Deferred Inflow or Resources Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; all deferred outflows and inflows of resources; no capital or long-term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can.						
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.						

Government-wide Financial Statements

The view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the questions, "Are we in a better financial position this year than last?" and "Why?" or "Why not?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide the basis for answering these questions. The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using full accrual accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's overall financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are useful indicators of whether
 its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, the condition of school buildings and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota need to be considered.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such
 as elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor,
 executive administration, board of education, fiscal services, pupil transportation, etc.), debt
 service payments, special education, extracurricular activities (sports, debate, music, etc.) and
 capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state aid formula, state grants, federal grants and
 interest earnings finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District has two business-type activity funds: Food Service Fund
 and Preschool Fund. The District charges a fee to students and receives federal and state
 reimbursement to cover the costs of providing lunch services to all students in the Food Service
 Fund. The District charges a fee to pupils to attend an integrated pre-school program in the
 Preschool Fund.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's individual funds - not the District as a whole. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

- State Law requires some of the funds (like the Capital Outlay Fund, Special Education Fund, Post Secondary Fund and the Pension Fund).
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like managing medical insurance premiums and claims).

The District has three kinds of funds:

• Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flows in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for funding future basic services (an accounting method called modified accrual accounting). The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, an explanation of additional information is included at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Outlay Fund, Special Education Fund, Post-Secondary Fund, the Pension Fund and the Debt Service Fund since these are considered major funds.

Proprietary Funds -

- Enterprise Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee and for which revenues are expected to cover all expenses are generally reported in proprietary funds-enterprise funds. Enterprise funds, like the government-wide financial statements, provide both short and long-term financial information. The enterprise funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities. Therefore, these statements will essentially match the information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The Food Service Fund (one type of proprietary fund) and Preschool Fund are the only enterprise funds maintained by the District.
- o Internal Service Funds A fund provided to account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing medical, hospitalization, and dental employee health benefits. The self-insurance fund makes payments for services provided to employees to a third-party administrator for claim payments, administration, stop-loss coverage or other reinsurance. The amounts charged are intended to recoup the total costs of such services. Unemployment insurance is also included in this fund with payments made quarterly to the State Unemployment office.
- Fiduciary Funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased by cash are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No asset is reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position increased as follows:

Table A-1
Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4
Statement of Net Position

Total

										l Otal Paraantaga
	Governmer	ıtal Ad	ctivities	Business-ty	ре Ас	ctivities	To	tal		Percentage Change
	2017		2018	2017		2018	2017		2018	2017 - 2018
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	\$ 103,536,116 153,556,995	\$	131,763,314 154,256,981	\$ 3,859,911 303,151	\$	3,322,871 891,342	\$ 107,396,027 153,860,146	\$	135,086,185 155,148,323	25.78% 0.84%
Total Assets	257,093,111		286,020,295	4,163,062		4,214,213	261,256,173		290,234,508	11.09%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	30,629,935		37,374,292	824,988		1,104,096	31,454,923		38,478,388	22.33%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	287,723,046		323,394,587	4,988,050		5,318,309	292,711,096		328,712,896	12.30%
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	99,172,164 5,728,392		113,217,665 5,133,010	592,053 186,936		361,571 288,650	99,764,217 5,915,328		113,579,236 5,421,660	13.85% -8.35%
Total Liabilities	104,900,556		118,350,675	778,989		650,221	105,679,545		119,000,896	12.61%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	33,685,446		40,423,499	-		209,400	33,685,446		40,632,899	20.62%
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	81,350,111		85,997,690	303,150		891,342	81,653,261		86,889,032	6.41%
Restricted	53,720,859		64,633,884	497,144		908,064	54,218,003		65,541,948	20.89%
Unrestricted	14,066,074		13,988,839	 3,408,767		2,659,282	17,474,841		16,648,121	-4.73%
Total Net Position	\$ 149,137,044	\$	164,620,413	\$ 4,209,061	\$	4,458,688	\$ 153,346,105	\$	169,079,101	10.26%

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The most significant changes are an increase in Current and Other Assets of \$27,690,158 or 25.78%, an increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$7,023,465 or 22.33%, an increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources of \$6,947,453 or 20.62% and an increase in Restricted Net Position of \$11,323,945 or 20.89%

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of compensated absences payable, early retirement benefits payable, capital outlay certificates payable, and an OPEB liability have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the District's assets and liabilities is its net position.

Changes in Net Position

The District's revenues totaled \$156,994,198. (See Table A-2). Approximately one-half of the District's revenue comes from property and other taxes, with 34% coming from state aid. (See Figure A-3).

The District's expenditures totaled \$139,395,484. The District's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support service, transportation and food services. Over one-half of the total expenses were spent on instruction with more than one-third for support services. (See Figure A-4).

For the year ended June 30, 2018, total revenues surpassed expenses by \$17,598,714.

SOURCES OF REVENUES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

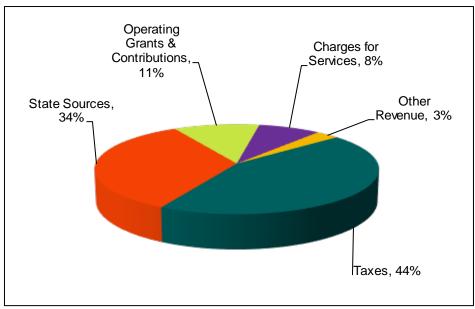


Figure A-3

FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

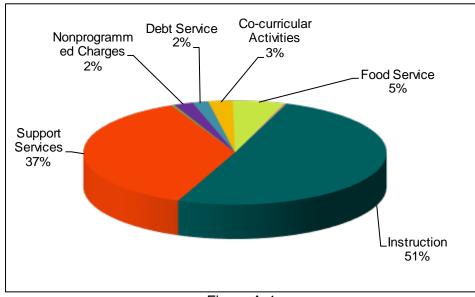


Figure A-4

Governmental Activities

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows, shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018.

							Total Percentage
	Governmental	Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	T	otal	Change
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017 - 2018
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 7,152,582 \$	9,774,669	\$ 2,912,179	\$ 2,600,188	\$ 10,064,761	\$ 12,374,857	22.95%
Operating Grants and Contributions	13,450,741	12,706,975	4,477,341	4,355,142	17,928,082	17,062,117	-4.83%
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-		93,536		93,536	100.00%
General Revenues							
Taxes	69,757,748	68,344,898	-	-	69,757,748	68,344,898	-2.03%
Revenue State Sources	49,363,087	52,928,524	-	-	49,363,087	52,928,524	7.22%
Revenue Federal Sources	24,477	36,092	-	-	24,477	36,092	47.45%
Revenue Intermediate Sources	1,220,473	1,501,429	-		1,220,473	1,501,429	23.02%
Revenue Local Sources	714,892	2,263,602	382	18,619	715,274	2,282,221	219.07%
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	36,840	1,202,525	-	-	36,840	1,202,525	3164.18%
Unrestricted Earnings	868,810	1,161,151	21	6,848	868,831	1,167,999	34.43%
Total Revenues	142,589,650	149,919,865	7,389,923	7,074,333	149,979,573	156,994,198	4.68%
Expenses							
Instruction	83,605,939	71,176,092	-	-	83,605,939	71,176,092	-14.87%
Support Services	55,680,281	52,005,853	-	-	55,680,281	52,005,853	-6.60%
Community Services	594,202	528,225	-	-	594,202	528,225	-11.10%
Nonprogrammed Charges	2,693,226	2,848,845	-	-	2,693,226	2,848,845	5.78%
Debt Service	1,775,050	2,395,978	-	-	1,775,050	2,395,978	34.98%
Co-curricular Activities	2,920,282	3,675,283	-	-	2,920,282	3,675,283	25.85%
Food Service	-	-	6,591,620	6,381,302	6,591,620	6,381,302	-3.19%
Preschool		-	410,235	383,906	410,235	383,906	-9.90%
Total Expenses	147,268,980	132,630,276	7,001,855	6,765,208	154,270,835	139,395,484	-9.64%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special							
Items and Transfers	(4,679,330)	17,289,589	388,068	309,125	(4,291,262)	17,598,714	-510.11%
Transfers	(464,851)	-		-	(464,851)	-	100.00%
Change in Net Position	\$ (5,144,181) \$	17,289,589	\$ 388,068	\$ 309,125	\$ (4,756,113)	\$ 17,598,714	-470.02%

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$78,924,960, an increase of \$27,109,429 compared to the prior year. \$9,585,991 of the ending fund balance is unassigned, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balances are non-spendable (invested in inventory and prepaid expenses) \$2,382,135, assigned for next year's budget or special purposes \$4,621,826 or restricted to the specific purpose of the fund \$62,335,008.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,585,991, while total fund balance was \$15,988,867. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 10.2% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 17.01% of that same amount.

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities decreased by 4.27% to \$7,074,333, and expenses decreased by 3.38% to \$6,765,208.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial analysis of the District's funds mirror those highlighted in the analysis of governmental and business-type activities presented above. The District maintains two business-type funds - the Food Service Fund and the Preschool Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original vs. Final Budget

The Board of Education approved the original budget for the fiscal year on July 23, 2017. As a matter of practice, over the course of the year, it was revised ten times. These amendments fall into two categories:

Supplemental appropriations approved for unanticipated, yet necessary expenses to provide for items necessary for the education programs.

Increases and decreases in federal funds to reflect changes made in grant programs.

There were no significant budget variances during the 2017-18 fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of fiscal year 2018, the District's governmental activities had invested \$154,256,981 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, building, improvements other than buildings, and various machinery and equipment (See Table A-3). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deletions) of \$699,986 or .46%.

Table A-3
Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

									Total Dollar	Total Percentage
	 Governme	ntal A	Activities		Business-typ	e A	ctivities		Change	Change
	 2017		2018	2017 2018		2	017 - 2018	2017 - 2018		
Land	\$ 2,520,991	\$	2,949,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	428,854	17.01%
Buildings	133,463,378		131,060,726		-		-		(2,402,652)	-1.80%
Improvements	1,802,437		2,562,170		-		-		759,733	42.15%
Equipment	12,539,872		11,930,055		303,151		891,342		(21,626)	-0.17%
Assets Held for Sale	-		1,413,154		-		-		1,413,154	100.00%
Construction in Progress	 3,230,317		4,341,031		-		-		1,110,714	34.38%
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 153,556,995	\$	154,256,981	\$	303,151	\$	891,342	\$	1,288,177	0.84%

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$96,336,157 in Capital Outlay Certificates and other long-term obligations of \$16,881,508. This is an increase of 27.05% as shown in Table A-4 below.

Table A-4
Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4
Outstanding Debt and Obligations

										Total	Total
										Dollar	Percentage
		Governme	ntal A	ctivities		Business-typ	e A	ctivities		Change	Change
		2017		2018	2017		2018		2017 - 2018		2017 - 2018
Companyated Absonage	ሱ	0.040.470	φ	10 100 050	¢	100 600	¢	227 755	c	654 607	C F 40/
Compensated Absences	\$	9,810,479	\$	10,420,050	\$	192,689	\$	237,755	\$	654,637	6.54%
Accrued Leave Payable		306,004		278,211		7,330		7,882		(27,241)	-8.69%
Early Retirement		2,096,490		1,680,510		-		-		(415,980)	-19.84%
OPEB Liability		4,707,553		4,437,424		123,689		115,934		(277,884)	-5.75%
Energy Upgrade Loan		115,313		65,313		-		-		(50,000)	-43.36%
Capital Lease		33,639		-		-		-		(33,639)	-100.00%
Capital Outlay Certificates		72,003,234		96,336,157		-		-		24,332,923	33.79%
Total Outstanding Debt											
and Obligations	\$	89,072,712	\$	113,217,665	\$	323,708	\$	361,571	\$	24,182,816	27.05%

The District retired \$3,705,000 of capital outlay certificates relating to capital projects and issued new certificates of \$25,785,000, which will be used to pay off existing certificates in January 2019.

The District is liable for the accrued leave payable to various groups with 12-month employees: Secretarial, Custodial Maintenance Union and Western Dakota Technical. The decrease is due to an decrease in the calculated pay rate.

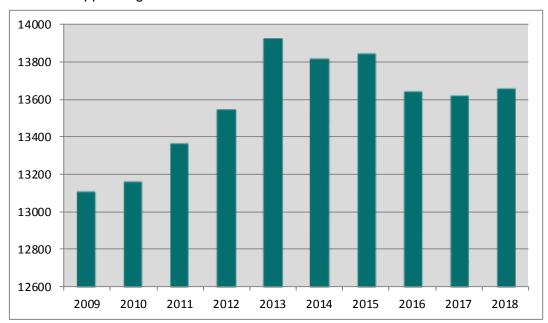
The District also maintains an early retirement plan, which allows certified staff meeting certain qualifications, to retire early and receive a percentage of their last year's salary spread over three to five years. The plan allows the school to reduce the overall program cost by hiring lower paid staff to replace the higher paid staff. The decrease this year is due to a decrease in the number of employees retiring.

Energy upgrade loan represents the financing of lighting upgrades for Western Dakota Tech at nointerest over a ten-year period.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's current net position increased 10.26% from FY 2017 to FY 2018 due to revenue in excess of expenses. Enrollment has been flat.

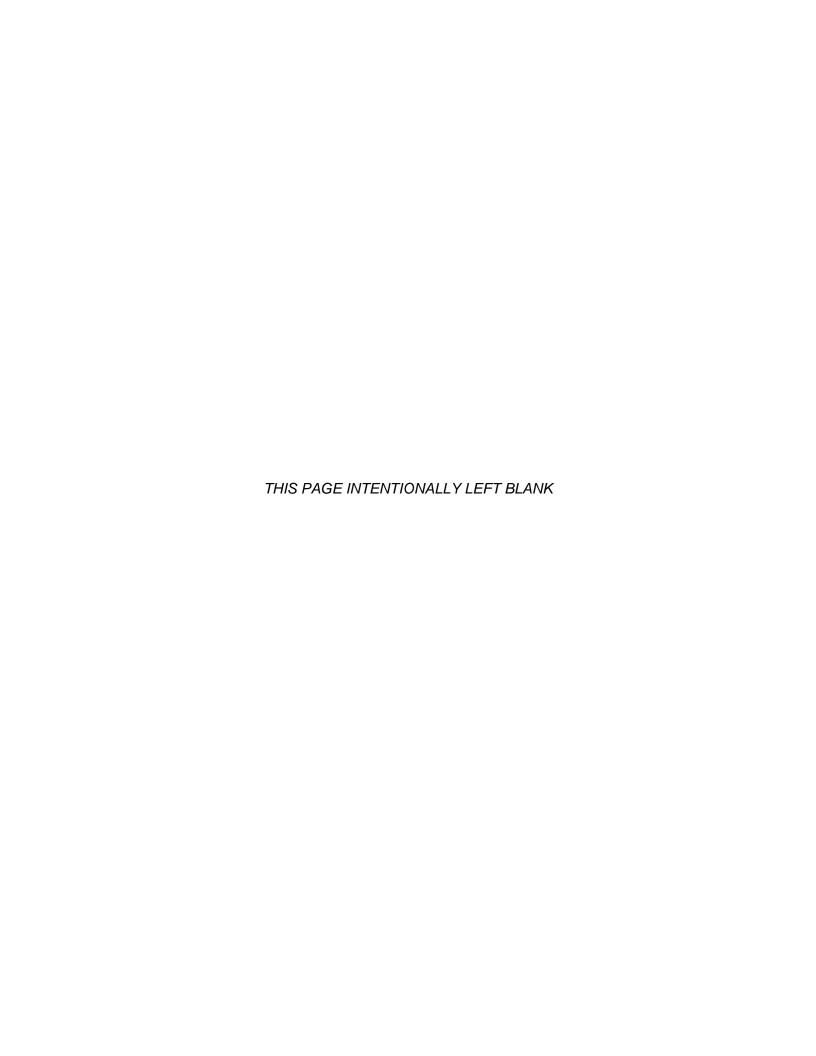
One of the primary sources of revenue to the District is an allocation received from the State of South Dakota. The state aid funding formula for the year ended June 30, 2018 is based on a target statewide average salary for teachers of \$48,645, with a 15 to 1 target student-to-teacher ratio to determine the number of teachers funded, based upon the district's fall enrollment. The number of target teachers is multiplied times \$48,645 and an additional 29% is included for benefits and 31% for non-instructional costs. Local effort is applied against this total need amount to determine the state aid.

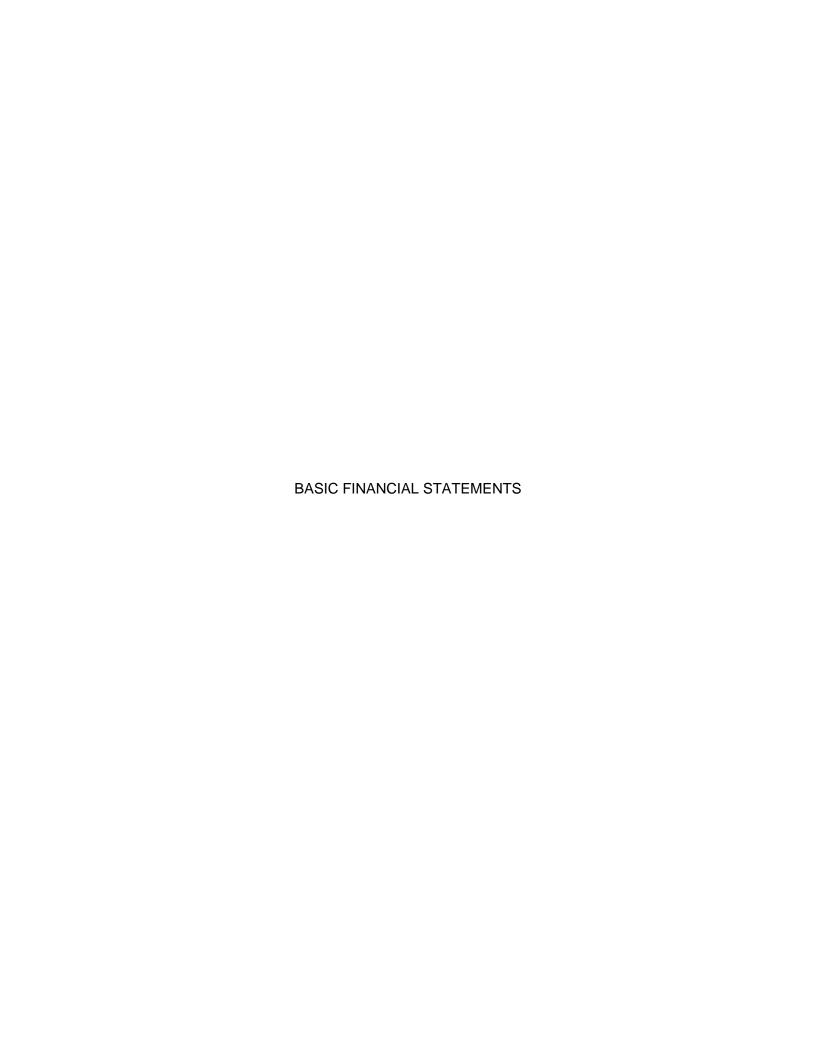


The District forecasts indicated a plateau in enrollment in the Rapid City Schools. The District keeps current with existing technology within available resources and mandates. Management by the District will continue to be challenged with balancing staffing needs, enrollment, and prudently providing the resources to meet the students' needs.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mary R. Duncan, CPA, CGMA, Accounting Manager, Rapid City Area School District, 300 Sixth Street, Rapid City, SD 57701.





Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 41,030,857	\$ 2,127,443	\$ 43,158,300
Cash Designated for Special Purposes	306,838	-	306,838
Investments	22,010,710	-	22,010,710
Taxes Receivable	31,160,668	-	31,160,668
Inventories	585,461	85,981	671,442
Internal Balances	(756,250)	756,250	-
Other Assets	6,868,476	343,143	7,211,619
	101,206,760	3,312,817	104,519,577
Capital Assata:			
Capital Assets: Land	2 040 945		2 040 945
Buildings	2,949,845 190,411,392	-	2,949,845 190,411,392
Improvements	7,167,900	-	7,167,900
Equipment	31,478,145	2,341,015	33,819,160
Construction in Progress	4,341,031	2,341,013	4,341,031
Assets Held for Sale	1,413,154	-	1,413,154
	(83,504,486)	(1,449,673)	(84,954,159)
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(03,304,400)	(1,449,073)	(04,934,139)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	154,256,981	891,342	155,148,323
Restricted Assets:			
Net Pension Asset	340,337	10,054	350,391
Investments Restricted for Debt Service	27,580,615	. 0,00	27,580,615
Cash Restricted for Debt Service	2,504,025	_	2,504,025
Cash Restricted for Health Care	131,577	-	131,577
Total Restricted Assets	30,556,554	10,054	30,566,608
Total Nestricted Assets	00,000,001	10,001	
TOTAL ASSETS	286,020,295	4,214,213	290,234,508
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension-related Deferred Outflows	37,374,292	1,104,096	38,478,388
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES	37,374,292	1,104,096	38,478,388

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	4,551,610	116,836	4,668,446
Amounts Held for Others	84,549	-	84,549
Accrued Interest	217,034	-	217,034
Unearned Revenue	279,817	171,814	451,631
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	33,433,242	25,313	33,458,555
Due in More than One Year	79,784,423	336,258	80,120,681
TOTAL LIABILITIES	118,350,675	650,221	119,000,896
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods	33,331,929	_	33,331,929
OPEB-related Deferred Inflows	115,432	3,314	118,746
Pension-related Deferred Inflows	6,976,138	206,086	7,182,224
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES	40,423,499	209,400	40,632,899
		<u> </u>	· · ·
NET POSITION	05.007.000	004.040	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	85,997,690	891,342	86,889,032
Capital Outlay	23,603,288	_	23,603,288
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	30,738,491	908,064	31,646,555
Special Education	4,233,743	-	4,233,743
Post Secondary Education	3,554,337	-	3,554,337
Debt Service	2,504,025	-	2,504,025
Unrestricted	13,988,839	2,659,282	16,648,121
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 164,620,413	\$ 4,458,688	\$ 169,079,101

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Functions/Programs GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Expenses	Charges for Services	
Instruction Support Services Community Services Cocurricular Activities Nonprogrammed Charges Interest on Long-term Debt * Total Governmental Activities	\$ 71,176,092 52,005,853 528,225 2,848,845 2,395,978 3,675,283 132,630,276	\$ 6,179,500 3,013,687 - 581,482 - - - 9,774,669	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Food Service Preschool Total Business-type Activities Total Primary Government	6,381,302 383,906 6,765,208 \$ 139,395,484	2,125,148 475,040 2,600,188 \$ 12,374,857	

^{*} The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position			
Operating Capital			Primary Government			
Grants and Grants and		Governmental	Business-type			
C	ontributions	Con	tributions	Activities	Activities	Total
\$	9,786,668	\$	-	\$ (55,209,924)	\$ -	\$ (55,209,924)
	2,515,659		-	(46,476,507)	-	(46,476,507)
	404,648		-	(123,577)	-	(123,577)
	-		-	(2,267,363)	-	(2,267,363)
	-		-	(2,395,978)	-	(2,395,978)
				(3,675,283)		(3,675,283)
	12,706,975		<u>-</u>	(110,148,632)		(110,148,632)
	4,355,142		93,536	-	192,524	192,524
	4,355,142		93,536	-	91,134	91,134
	4,000,142		93,330	<u>-</u>	283,658	283,658
<u>\$</u>	17,062,117	\$	93,536	(110,148,632)	283,658	(109,864,974)
GENE	RAL REVENUE	ES				
Taxe						
	operty Taxes			67,162,146	-	67,162,146
Gross Receipts Taxes			1,182,752	-	1,182,752	
	enue From State	e Source	s:			
State Aid			41,725,419	-	41,725,419	
Other			11,203,105	-	11,203,105	
Revenue From Federal Sources			36,092	-	36,092	
Revenue From Intermediate Sources		1,501,429	-	1,501,429		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		377,783	6,848	384,631		
Interest Rebate			783,368	-	783,368	
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets		1,202,525	- 18 610	1,202,525		
Other General Revenues			2,263,602	18,619	2,282,221	
Total General Revenues		127,438,221	25,467	127,463,688		
CHAN	GE IN NET POSITION 17,289,589 309,125		17,598,714			
NET F	NET POSITION - AS RESTATED _		147,330,824	4,149,563	151,480,387	
NET F	POSITION - ENI	DING		\$ 164,620,413	\$ 4,458,688	\$ 169,079,101

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

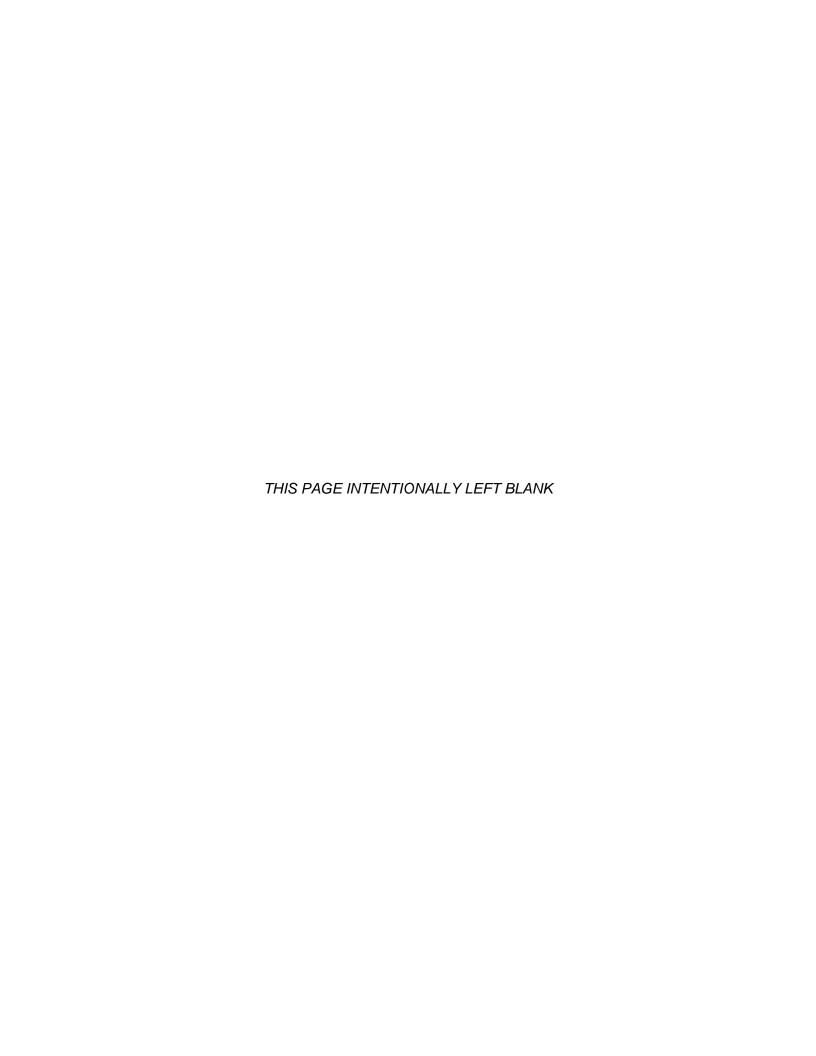
	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,351,390	\$ 12,885,150	\$ 5,448,747
Cash Designated for Special Purposes	306,838	-	-
Investments	5,003,418	12,005,138	-
Taxes Receivable, Current	16,280,392	9,753,664	4,964,717
Taxes Receivable, Delinquent	95,335	44,315	22,245
Accounts Receivable, Net	14,268	281,317	-
Due From Other Governments	2,266,545	1,946,862	251,858
Inventory of Supplies	360,331	-	134
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	1,422,400	-	111,968
Restricted Assets:			
Cash Restricted for Debt Service		27,580,615	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 36,100,917	\$ 64,497,061	\$ 10,799,669

Post Secondary (WDT) Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 3,699,221	\$	_	\$	32,384,508	
-		-		306,838	
_		_		17,008,556	
-		-		30,998,773	
-		-		161,895	
104,694		-		400,279	
128,657		-		4,593,922	
254		-		360,719	
224,742		-		224,742	
275,306		-		1,809,674	
		2,504,025		30,084,640	
\$ 4,432,874	\$	2,504,025	\$	118,334,546	

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2018

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$ 741,683 426,564	\$ 1,207,341 -	\$ 115,368 23,757
Payroll Deductions and Employer Matching Payable Unearned Revenue	201,950 276,884	<u>.</u>	8,144
Total Liabilities	1,647,081	1,207,341	147,269
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods Property Taxes Received Outside the	17,445,112	10,527,969	5,358,848
Period of Availability	96,626	43,875	22,002
Grants/Reimbursments Received Outside the Period of Availability	923,231	1,581,520	26,162
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,464,969	12,153,364	5,407,012
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			
Inventory	358,650	-	134
Prepaid Expenses Restricted:	1,422,400	-	111,968
For Capital Outlay	-	51,136,356	-
For Special Education	-	-	5,133,286
For Post Secondary Education For Debt Service	-	-	-
Assigned:	-	-	-
For Early Retirement Payments	955,403	-	-
For Next Year's Budget	3,359,585	-	-
For Special Purposes Unassigned	306,838 9,585,991	-	<u>-</u>
ŭ			5.045.000
Total Fund Balances	15,988,867	51,136,356	5,245,388
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 36,100,917	\$ 64,497,061	\$ 10,799,669

Post Secondary VDT) Fund	Debt Service Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 138,585 87,766	\$ - -	\$	2,202,977 538,087
 42,984 2,933	 - -		253,078 279,817
 272,268	 <u>-</u>		3,273,959
-	-		33,331,929
-	-		162,503
110,282	 <u>-</u>		2,641,195
110,282	<u>-</u>		36,135,627
213,677 275,306	-		572,461 1,809,674
-	-		51,136,356
-	-		5,133,286
3,561,341	-		3,561,341
-	2,504,025		2,504,025
-	-		955,403
-	-		3,359,585
-	-		306,838
 	 <u> </u>		9,585,991
4,050,324	 2,504,025		78,924,960
\$ 4,432,874	\$ 2,504,025	<u>\$</u>	118,334,546



Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	78,924,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		154,256,981
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
General Obligation Debt, Net of Unamortized Premiums		(96,336,157)
Compensated Absences		(10,420,050)
Energy Upgrade Loan		(65,313)
Early Retirement Benefits Accrued Leave Payable		(1,680,510) (278,211)
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)		(4,437,424)
Assets, including property taxes receivable, grants receivable, and other receivables that are not available to pay for current period expenditures, are deferred in the governmental funds.		2,803,698
Accrued interest payable is not reported in the funds.		(217,034)
Pension-related balances reported in the governmental activities are not available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		240 227
Net Pension Asset Pension-related Deferred Outflows		340,337 37,374,292
Pension-related Deferred Inflows		(6,976,138)
OPEB-related deferred inflows are components of the Total OPEB Liability and are not reported in the funds.		(115,432)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		11,446,414
Net Desition Consumption Activities	ф.	_
Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	164,620,413

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES		General Fund	C	apital Outlay Fund		Special Education Fund
Revenue From Local Sources:						
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	17 171 572	ф	10 542 056	Φ	E 265 776
Prior Years' Ad Valorem	Φ	17,474,573	\$	10,542,056 10,138,559	\$	5,365,776 5,279,174
Gross Receipts Taxes		18,263,829 1,176,849		3,882		5,278,174 2,021
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		64,959		31,312		16,135
Tuition and Fees		04,939		31,312		10,133
Local Sources		115,696		_		_
Support Services		624,239		_		48,779
Post Secondary		024,200		_		40,773
Cocurricular Activities		333,565		_		_
Earnings on Deposits		157,913		179,119		20,545
Restricted Operating Contributions		328,026		-		375
Other Local Revenue		329,484		1,507,010		179
Total Revenue From Local Sources		38,869,133		22,401,938		10,731,984
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:						
County Sources		819,923				-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		198,045		78,123		40,588
Revenue for Joint Facilities	_	260,503	_	104,247		- 10.500
Total Revenue From Intermediate Sources	_	1,278,471	_	182,370		40,588
Revenue From State Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid		41,459,969		-		_
Restricted Grants-in-aid		-		-		7,704,099
Other State Revenue		133,156		-		-
Total Revenue From State Sources	_	41,593,125		-		7,704,099
Revenue From Federal Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid		36,092		-		-
Restricted Grants-in-aid		7,778,134		-		3,709,369
Other Federal Revenue			_	<u>-</u>		
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	_	7,814,226	_			3,709,369
TOTAL REVENUES	_	89,554,955	_	22,584,308		22,186,040

Post				Debt		Total		
Secondary Po		Pension	Service			Governmental		
(WDT) Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		
\$ -	\$	462	\$	-	\$	33,382,867		
-		2,859		-		33,683,421		
-		-		-		1,182,752		
-		533		-		112,939		
6,063,804		-		-		6,179,500		
739,949		-		-		1,412,967		
247,917		0		-		247,917		
-		-		-		333,565		
296		-		19,909		377,782		
-		-		-		328,401		
440,441		-		-		2,277,114		
7,492,407		3,854		19,909	_	79,519,225		
						819,923		
-		-		-		•		
_		_		-		316,756 364,750		
					_			
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	1,501,429		
265,450		-		-		41,725,419		
3,439,109		-		-		11,143,208		
762,657						895,813		
4,467,216		_		<u>-</u>		53,764,440		
		_				_		
						00.000		
- 		-		-		36,092		
514,621		-		-		12,002,124		
3,580		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		3,580		
518,201		<u>-</u>			_	12,041,796		
12,477,824		3,854		19,909		146,826,890		

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

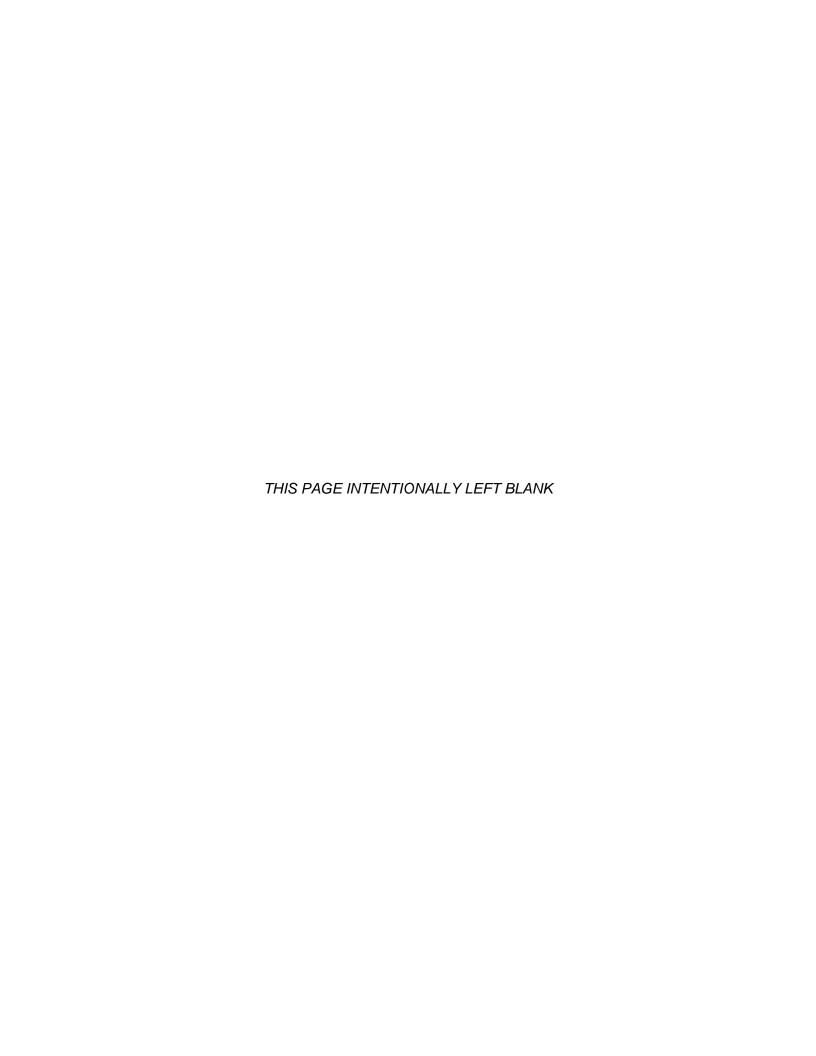
EXPENDITURES	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund
Instructional Services: Regular Programs Special Programs Post-secondary Occupational Programs Total Instructional Services	48,611,959 4,330,811 	2,259,569 8,095 - 2,267,664	252,281 14,672,255 - 14,924,536
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business Central Special Education Other Support Services Total Support Services	2,784,881 5,840,102 2,563,573 6,882,395 16,373,255 947,505 - 3,564 35,395,275	53,175 1,638,179 4,242 10,113 3,510,137 94,972 - - 5,310,818	4,867,980 77,572 - - - 2,083,266 - - 7,028,818
Community Services: Community Recreation Services Custody and Care of Children Nonpublic School Pupil Services Total Community Services	73,297 219,602 247,933 540,832	- - 14,477 14,477	- - - -
Cocurricular Activities: Male Activities Female Activities Combined Activities Total Cocurricular Activities	1,027,596 1,008,147 903,334 2,939,077	53,900 27,271 7,633 88,804	- - - -
Other Nonprogrammed Costs	2,126,633		
Debt Services	_	7,552,698	
Capital Outlay	53,972	6,832,372	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	93,998,559	22,066,833	21,953,354

Post		Debt	Total
Secondary	Pension	Service	Governmental
(WDT) Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
-	-	-	51,123,809
-	-	-	19,011,161
5,864,200	-	-	5,864,200
5,864,200			75,999,170
204 925			0.007.064
391,825	-	-	8,097,861
207,581	-	-	7,763,434
575,875	-	-	3,143,690
991,769	-	-	7,884,277
3,188,455	-	-	23,071,847
861,951	-	-	1,904,428
-	-	-	2,083,266
7,033			10,597
6,224,489		<u>-</u>	53,959,400
-	-	-	73,297
_	-	-	219,602
_	-	-	262,410
			555,309
			,
_	_	_	1,081,496
_	_	_	1,035,418
_	_	_	910,967
			3,027,881
<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	3,027,001
75,753			2,202,386
50,000	<u>-</u>		7,602,698
197,688	_	-	7,084,032
12,412,130			150,430,876

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Capital Outlay	Education
	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,443,604)	517,475	232,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Net Transfers In (Out) Debt Proceeds Interest Rebate Sale of Surplus Property	6,741,668	(4,374,111)	-
	-	28,427,372	-
	-	783,368	-
	2,400	1,500,275	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	6,744,068	26,336,904	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,300,464	26,854,379	232,686
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	13,688,403	24,281,977	5,012,702
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 15,988,867	\$ 51,136,356	\$ 5,245,388

Post Secondary (WDT) Fund	Pension Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
65,694	3,854	19,909	(3,603,986)
- - -	(2,741,668) - - -	374,111 - - -	28,427,372 783,368 1,502,675
	(2,741,668)	374,111	30,713,415
65,694 3,984,630	(2,737,814) 2,737,814	394,020 2,110,005	27,109,429 51,815,531
\$ 4,050,324	\$ -	\$ 2,504,025	\$ 78,924,960



Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (556,218)		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Governmental funds only report proceeds from the sale of capital assets. However, the Statement of Activities report gains and losses on capital assets. This is the amount in which retired capital assets book value exceeded accumulated depreciation. The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave, compensated absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses. (82.774) Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 12,280,694 OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 154,698 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not req	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 27,109,429
the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Governmental funds only report proceeds from the sale of capital assets. However, the Statement of Activities report gains and losses on capital assets. This is the amount in which retired capital assets book value exceeded accumulated depreciation. (300,150) The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave, compensated absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses. (82,774) Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 154,698 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the f	, e	
However, the Statement of Activities report gains and losses on capital assets. This is the amount in which retired capital assets book value exceeded accumulated depreciation. The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave, compensated absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses. Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 154,698 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service fun	the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	1,014,335
recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". 1,107,096 Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave, compensated absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses. Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 12,280,694 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. 2(217,034) Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	However, the Statement of Activities report gains and losses on capital assets. This is the amount in which retired capital assets book value	(300,150)
absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses. Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 154,698 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. [28,427,372]	recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals	1,107,096
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized premiums and the deferred amount on refunding associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (217,034) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218	absences, early retirement, other post-employment benefits, long-term liabilities due to other governments, energy upgrade loan, software financing, and capital lease but the Statement of Activities reflects the	(82,774)
with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals for the current period. Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. 154,698 Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. (217,034) Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218	funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	3,705,000
Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB-related revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218	with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums exceeded deferrals	389.449
financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accrued interest expense is reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (217,034) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218	Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial	·
the use of current financial resources and are no reported in the funds. (217,034) Debt proceeds are reported as revenues in the governmental funds, but are reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218	·	154,698
reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities. (28,427,372) The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218		(217,034)
certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 556,218		(28,427,372)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 17 289 589	certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue	556,218
That is a second of Covernmental Activities	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 17,289,589

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Food Service	Enterprise Funds Preschool		Internal	
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,083,803	\$ 43,640	\$ 2,127,443	\$ 8,646,349	
Restricted Cash	-	-	-	131,577	
Investments	-	-	-	5,002,154	
Accounts Receivable, Net	158,561	-	158,561	64,601	
Due From Other Governments	65,139	-	65,139	-	
Inventory of Supplies	40,287	-	40,287	-	
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	20,413	-	20,413	-	
Inventory of Donated Food	25,281	-	25,281	-	
Prepaid Expenses	119,443		119,443		
Total Current Assets	2,512,927	43,640	2,556,567	13,844,681	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Net Pension Asset	8,698	1,356	10,054	-	
Machinery and Equipment - Local Funds	2,279,845	-	2,279,845	-	
Machinery and Equipment -					
Federal Assistance	61,170	-	61,170	-	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,449,673)		(1,449,673)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	900,040	1,356	901,396		
TOTAL ASSETS	3,412,967	44,996	3,457,963	13,844,681	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension-related Deferred Outflows	955,160	148,936	1,104,096		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES	955,160	148,936	1,104,096		

	Food Service Fund	Enterprise Funds Preschool Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Contracts Payable	102,490	-	102,490	492,468
Amounts Held For Others	-	-	-	84,549
Incurred But Not Reported Claims Unearned Revenue	- 171,814	-	- 171 01 <i>1</i>	1,065,000
Payroll Deductions and	171,014	-	171,814	-
Employer Matching Payable	14,346	_	14,346	_
Current Portion of Noncurrent Liabilities	25,313	_	25,313	-
Total Current Liabilities	313,963		313,963	1,642,017
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences,				
Net of Current Portion	220,324	-	220,324	-
OPEB Liability	108,867	7,067	115,934	<u>-</u>
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	329,191	7,067	336,258	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	643,154	7,067	650,221	1,642,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension-related Deferred Inflows	178,286	27,800	206,086	-
OPEB-related Deferred Inflows	2,861	453	3,314	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES	181,147	28,253	209,400	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	891,343	_	891,343	-
Restricted for Net Pension Asset	785,572	122,492	908,064	-
Unrestricted	1,866,911	36,120	1,903,031	12,202,664
Total Net Position	\$ 3,543,826	\$ 158,612	\$ 3,702,438	\$ 12,202,664
Internal service funds are used by managemen to charge the costs of activities, such as				

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. Certain amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the Food Service Fund's participation in the activities conducted in the internal service fund.

756,250

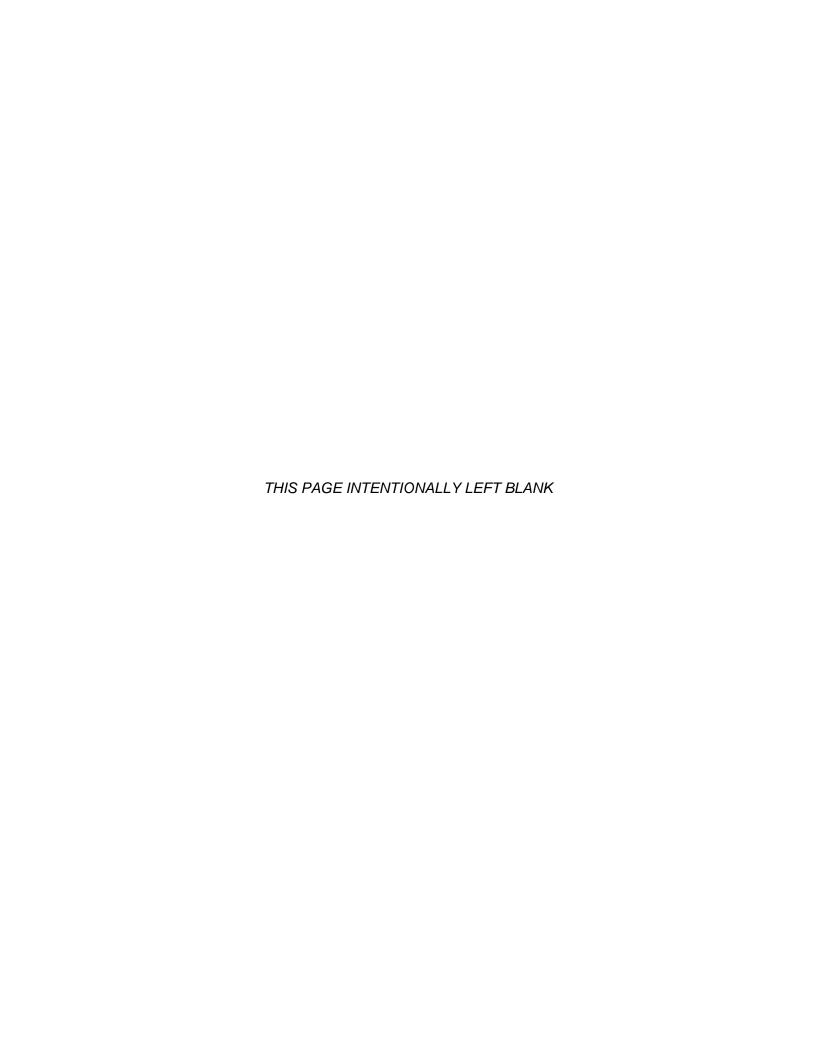
Net Position of Business-type Activities

\$ 4,458,688

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Enterprise Funds							
	Fo	ood Service		reschool			Internal	
		Fund		Fund		Total	Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUE								
Sales to Pupils	\$	1,694,774	\$	-	\$	1,694,774	\$ -	
Sales to Adults		26,635		-		26,635	-	
Sales A la Carte		365,460		-		365,460	-	
Tuition		-		475,040		475,040	-	
Other		38,279		-		38,279	-	
Self-insurance Premiums							16,577,528	
Total Operating Revenue	_	2,125,148		475,040		2,600,188	16,577,528	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries		2,075,177		330,371		2,405,548	-	
Employee Benefits		661,121		50,393		711,514	-	
Purchased Services		249,914		-		249,914	1,582,544	
Supplies		434,006		3,142		437,148	-	
Cost of Sales - Purchased Food		2,008,709		-		2,008,709	-	
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		889,512		-		889,512	-	
Miscellaneous		17,702		-		17,702	-	
Depreciation		77,610		-		77,610	-	
Self-insurance Costs			1				16,231,417	
Total Operating Expenses		6,413,751		383,906		6,797,657	17,813,961	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(4,288,603)		91,134		(4,197,469)	(1,236,433)	
NONOPERATING REVENUE								
Local Sources:								
Interest Earned		6,737		111		6,848	92,249	
Miscellaneous		18,619		-		18,619	1,732,851	
State Sources:								
Cash Reimbursements		22,332		-		22,332	-	
Federal Sources:								
Cash Reimbursements		3,755,263		-		3,755,263	-	
Donated Food		577,547				577,547	-	
Total Nonoperating Revenue		4,380,498		111		4,380,609	1,825,100	

	Food Service Fund	Preschool Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
NET INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS/CONTRIBUTIONS	91,895	91,245	183,140	588,667
TRANSFERS/CONTRIBUTIONS Capital Contributions	93,536		93,536	<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	185,431	91,245	276,676	588,667
NET POSITION - AS RESTATED	3,358,395	67,367	3,425,762	11,613,997
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 3,543,826	\$ 158,612	\$ 3,702,438	\$ 12,202,664



Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Reconciliation of the Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Change in Net Position - Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 276,676
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. Certain amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the Food Service Fund's participation in the activities	
conducted in the internal service fund.	 32,449
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities	\$ 309,125

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Enterprise Funds						
	F	ood Service Fund		Preschool Fund		Total	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		_		_		
Receipts From Customers Receipts From Interfund Services Provided	\$	2,150,346	\$	475,040 -	\$	2,625,386	16,512,927
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Claims Paid		(2,686,642) (3,050,173)		234 (435,920)		(2,686,408) (3,486,093)	(1,353,295) - (16,113,417)
Net Cash Provided (Used)		(2.506.460)		20.054		(2.547.445)	
by Operating Activities		(3,586,469)		39,354		(3,547,115)	(953,785)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Operating Subsidies Other Sources		3,375,210 18,619		<u>-</u>		3,375,210 18,619	- 1,732,851
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		3,393,829		<u>-</u>		3,393,829	1,732,851
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchases of Machinery and Equipment		(572,265)				(572,265)	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES							()
Deposits into Investments Interest Earnings		6,737		- 111	_	6,848	(5,035,647) 92,249
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		6,737		111		6,848	(4,943,398)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(758,168)		39,465		(718,703)	(4,164,332)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,841,971		4,175		2,846,146	12,810,681
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	2,083,803	\$	43,640	\$	2,127,443	\$ 8,646,349

	Enterprise Funds							
	Food Service Fund		Preschool Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(4,288,603)	\$	91,134	\$	(4,197,469)	\$	(1,236,433)
Depreciation Expense		77,610		-		77,610		-
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		889,512		-		889,512		-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:								
Accounts Receivable		(94,203)		-		(94,203)		(64,601)
Inventories		(8,691)		-		(8,691)		-
Prepaid Expenses		49,717		4,437		54,154		33,098
Accounts Payable		(17,337)		(1,061)		(18,398)		196,151
Incurred But Not Reported Claims		-		-		-		118,000
Deferred Revenue		119,401		-		119,401		-
Payroll Deductions and								
Employer Matching Payable		711		-		711		-
Compensated Absences Payable		45,618		-		45,618		-
Pension Activity		(356,370)		(54,550)		(410,920)		
OPEB Liability		(3,834)		(606)		(4,440)		
NET CASH BROWINED (LISED) BY								
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,586,469)	\$	39,354	\$	(3,547,115)	\$	(953,785)
OI ENATING ACTIVITIES	Ψ	(0,000,703)	Ψ	00,004	Ψ	(0,071,110)	Ψ	(555,755)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Value of Commodities Received	\$	577,547	\$		\$	577,547	\$	-

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	Private- Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u> \$ 52,110	Agency Funds \$ 487,342
LIABILITIES Amounts Held for Others		\$ 487,342
NET POSITION Restricted for Scholarships: Non-expendable Expendable	10,000 42,110	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 52,110</u>	

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Private Donations Interest	\$ 2,237 249
Total Additions	2,486
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships Awarded	5,150
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,664)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	54,774
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 52,110

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity of Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 (the District) is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. <u>RELATED ORGANIZATIONS</u>

Related organizations are excluded from the financial reporting entity because the District's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments or because management has determined the assets the District has the ability to otherwise access are not significant. Related organizations are described as follows:

Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (Co-op) - A cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special educational services to member school districts. The governing board of the Co-op is comprised of one representative from each member school district, who is a school board member. The Co-op reports independently. See Note 10 entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures.

Rapid City Public School Foundation (School Foundation) - A private, non-profit organization. The School Foundation's mission is to enhance and enrich the educational experiences of students, to motivate and recognize those who guide student learning, and to increase community support for K-12 public education. The District's Board nominates one member of the School Foundation's twenty-five-member governing board and also has two employees that participate on the Foundation's governing board. The School Foundation reports independently.

Western Dakota Technical Institute Foundation, Inc. (WDTI Foundation) - A non-profit organization whose charitable and educational purposes are designed to benefit the activities, programs, and students of Western Dakota Technical Institute. WDTI Foundation's governing board consists of ten directors who are elected independently of the District. WDTI Foundation reports independently.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

D. FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Post Secondary Fund (WDT) - A fund established by SDCL 13-39-36 to pay post-secondary education for training to upgrade or update the occupational skills of persons to prepare them for the labor market or to assist those who have already entered the labor market. This fund is financed by student tuition and fees as well as state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts, which have established such systems, paying the District's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This is not a major fund.

Debt Service Fund - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District's debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to meet debt sinking fund requirements related to the 2010B and 2011A Capital Outlay Certificates. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise funds are as follows:

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Preschool Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the preschool operations. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Internal Service Fund Types - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Unemployment Fund and the Master Insurance Fund are the only internal service funds maintained by the District. Internal service funds are never considered to be major funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains the Cheerleader Memorial Scholarship Fund, the Surbeck Scholarship Fund, and the Vocational Scholarship Fund. The purpose of these funds is to provide scholarships to qualifying students.

Agency Fund Types - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The District maintains a variety of agency funds. These funds are established to account for the monies earned by student organizations for various expenditures. The students of these organizations earn the monies recorded in the agency funds and determine the appropriate expenditures based on the purpose of the student organization.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and similar trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or will be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after year-end.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements the District has charged certain "centralized expenses", including an administrative overhead component, as direct expenses to programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program or department. This process minimizes the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

H. INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories.

Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

Inventory in the governmental activities and the governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Inventories reported in the fund financial statements are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. The non-spendable fund balance associated with inventory is reduced by the related amounts included in accounts payable, if applicable.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Land and buildings used in the operation of the post-secondary fund are owned and financed by the State of South Dakota (see Note 11 for additional information). It is the District's policy to record any capital improvements made to the state-owned facilities as a contribution to the State upon completion of such improvements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Cap	italization	Estimated		
	<u>Tr</u>	<u>reshold</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>		
Land	\$	1,000			
Buildings		50,000	50 yrs		
Improvements		20,000	20 yrs		
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	5-15 yrs		

Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets for machinery and equipment is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

J. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences payable, accrued leave payable, early retirement benefits payable, other post-employment benefits, capital outlay certificates payable and other loans payable. Accounting policies related to compensated absences and accrued leave payable are as follows:

Compensated Absences Payable - Compensated absences payable is sick leave earned by employees at the rate of 13 to 16 days per year cumulative to 140 or 180 days depending on job description. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued sick leave balance if they meet various age and years of service requirements. They will receive one-half of unused sick leave, but not in excess of 50 or 90 days, depending on job description, of their actual accumulated unused sick leave. The amount of sick leave pay is determined by the employee's basic salary. These amounts are submitted to a special pay plan that does not require the District to withhold payroll taxes. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds these amounts are charged as an expenditure at the time of retirement. For employees normally paid out of the enterprise fund these amounts are recorded as an expense when earned. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund and Post Secondary Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accrued Leave Payable - Accrued leave payable is the annual vacation earned by employees at the rate of 5 to 20 days per year depending on years of service and job description, and accumulates to a maximum of one and one-half times the annual accrual. Employees are only eligible for accrued leave after the completion of one year of service. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued annual vacation balance at their most recent hourly rate. These amounts include the employer's matching share of payroll deductions, unless the employee is retiring in which case the payment is submitted to the special pay plan and taxes are not withheld. Accrued leave payable for governmental activities typically has been liquidated from the General Fund and Post Secondary Fund.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

K. <u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>

The District reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9. There are no deferred outflows of resources reported in the governmental funds' balance sheets. Pension-related deferred outflows are reported in the proprietary fund statements.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 30 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected with the available period, property taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year, and grants receivable not collected within the available period. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for the property taxes levied for future periods, pension-related inflows, and OPEB-related inflows. The District reports pension and OPEB-related inflows of resources in the proprietary fund statements and the business-type activity statements for the current year.

L. UNEARNED REVENUE

The food service fund reports meal tickets that have been purchased but not yet redeemed as unearned revenue.

The governmental funds report various grants and tuition payments received in advance of the eligibility criteria for revenue recognition as unearned revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

Government-wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - Represents all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund definitions were discussed in Note 1.D. Classification of governmental fund balances are as follows:

Nonspendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources by either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted. Amounts can be assigned by the School Board or management of the District.

Unassigned - Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would use assigned prior to unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

N. PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUE AND EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the proprietary funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

Charges for Services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program Revenues - Operating Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

Program Revenues - Capital Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

P. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS, District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA", or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

The District's policy is to report deposits at cost plus interest and credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment, with the exception of the payroll clearing account whose interest income is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits the District's funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) or in shares of an openend, no-load mutual fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018 the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to credit risk as all deposits were fully collateralized by pledged securities.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

				Maturities	
Investment	Credit Rating	Level	Maturities	1 - 5	Total
Cash and Money Market Account	N/A	1	\$ 385,756	\$ -	\$ 385,756
Treasury Bills and Notes	N/A	2	29,059,374	-	29,059,374
Government Bonds	AA+	2	6,484,105	13,662,090	20,146,195
					\$ 49,591,325

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments included in the fund financial statements consisted of the following as of June 30, 2018:

State of South Dakota	\$	2,030,122
Pennington County		551,286
U.S. Government		552,360
City of Rapid City		1,497,953
Various Other School Districts	_	27,340
	<u>\$</u>	4,659,061
Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements		
Due From Other Governments - Governmental Funds	\$	4,593,922
Due From Other Governments - Enterprise Fund	_	65,139
	\$	4,659,061

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the District entered into an agreement to sell the Administrative Offices to the City of Rapid City, resulting in the amount due from the City of Rapid City. The City is to pay the remaining balance in annual payments of at least \$260,000. However, the entire remaining balance must be paid off in no more than 4 years.

NOTE 4 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

		Transf			
	De	bt Service			
Transfers From:		Fund		eneral Fund	 Total
Capital Outlay Fund Pension Fund	\$	374,111 -	\$	4,000,000 2,741,668	\$ 4,374,111 2,741,668
Total	\$	374,111	\$	6,741,668	\$ 7,115,779

Transfers were made for the following purposes:

- A transfer was made from the Capital Outlay Fund to the Debt Service Fund to make payments to the sinking fund related to the 2010B and 2011A Capital Outlay Certificates.
- A transfer was made from the Capital Outlay Fund to the General Fund to support operations as allowed by South Dakota Codified Law.
- A transfer was made to merge the Pension Fund into the General Fund as required by South Dakota state statute to be completed by the end of fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

		Balance					Balance	
	J	une 30, 2017		Increase	Decrease		June 30, 2018	
Governmental Activities:								
Non-depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	2,520,991	\$	428,854	\$	-	\$	2,949,845
Construction in Progress		3,230,317		2,179,844		(1,069,130)		4,341,031
Assets Held for Sale	_	<u> </u>		1,413,154		<u>-</u>		1,413,154
Subtotal		5,751,308		4,021,852	_	(1,069,130)		8,704,030
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings		189,293,530		2,571,146		(1,453,284)		190,411,392
Improvements		6,224,350		943,550		-		7,167,900
Equipment		30,480,788		1,904,188		(906,831)		31,478,145
Subtotal		225,998,668		5,418,884		(2,360,115)	_	229,057,437
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		55,830,152		3,560,645		(40,131)		59,350,666
Improvements		4,421,913		183,817		-		4,605,730
Equipment	_	17,940,916		2,325,236		(718,062)	_	19,548,090
Subtotal	_	78,192,981		6,069,698		(758,193)		83,504,486
Net Capital Assets	\$	153,556,995	\$	3,371,038	\$	(2,671,052)	\$	154,256,981
Business-type Activities: Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Equipment	\$	1,675,214	\$	665,801	\$	-	\$	2,341,015
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	1,372,063		77,610		<u>-</u>	_	1,449,673
Net Capital Assets	\$	303,151	\$	588,191	\$		\$	891,342

Commitments related to construction projects in progress as of June 30, 2018 are discussed in Note 13.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction Support Services	\$ 3,834,217 2,235,481
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 6,069,698
Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:	
Food Service	\$ 77,610

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District entered into an agreement to sell the administrative offices to the City of Rapid City. The District received a down payment for the purchase during the year ended June 30, 2018. Future payments are disclosed in Note 3. The ownership of the property does not change hands until the amount owed by the City of Rapid City is paid in full. As such, the building is shown as Assets Held for Sale until ownership is transferred.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance								mounts Due	
	June 30, 2017		Increase		Decrease		June 30, 2018		Within 1 Year	
Governmental Activities:										
General Obligation Debt:										
Capital Outlay										
Certificates	\$	71,430,000	\$	25,785,000	\$	(3,705,000)	\$	93,510,000	\$	31,265,000
Related Premiums		573,234	_	2,642,372		(389,449)	_	2,826,157		
Total General										
Obligation Debt		72,003,234	_	28,427,372		(4,094,449)	_	96,336,157		31,265,000
Other Liabilities:										
Accrued Leave Payable		306,004		485,000		(512,793)		278,211		278,211
Compensated Absences		9,810,479		1,394,820		(785,249)		10,420,050		918,668
Energy Upgrade Loan		115,313		-		(50,000)		65,313		50,000
Capital Leases		33,639		_		(33,639)		-		-
Early Retirement Benefits		2,096,490		903,474		(1,319,454)		1,680,510		921,363
OPEB Liability		4,707,553		-		(270,129)		4,437,424		-
Total Other Liabilities		17,069,478		2,783,294		(2,971,264)		16,881,508		2,168,242
	_		_		_		_		_	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	89,072,712	\$	31,210,666	\$	(7,065,713)	\$	113,217,665	\$	33,433,242
Business-type Activities:										
Accrued Leave Payable	\$	7,330	\$	880	\$	(328)	\$	7,882	\$	7,882
Compensated Absences	*	192,689	Ψ	58,649	*	(13,583)	*	237,755	*	17,431
OPEB Liability		123,689		-		(7,755)		115,934		-
·			_				_		_	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	323,708	\$	59,529	\$	(21,666)	\$	361,571	\$	25,313

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital outlay certificates at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

2010A Capital Outlay Certificates (Build America Bonds). Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.35% to 5.60%. Due 1/1/2023.					
2010B Capital Outlay Certificates (Qualified School Construction Bonds). Bearing interest at 5.30%. Due 11/1/2029.					
2011 A Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at 5.0%. Due 11/1/2030.		4,000,000			
2011 B Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.375%. Due 11/1/2031.		7,585,000			
2012 A Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.375%. Due 1/1/2032.		6,135,000			
2012 B Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.25%. Due 1/1/2032.		9,240,000			
2014 A Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%. Due 7/1/2034.		8,255,000			
2017A Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing Interest at 3.0%. Due 6/30/2030.		9,475,000			
2017B Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing Interest at fixed rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. Due 7/1/2026.		16,310,000			
Unamortized Premiums		2,826,157			
	\$	96,336,157			

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018, excluding compensated absences, accrued leave payable, and the OPEB liability are as follows:

Year Ending	Year Ending <u>General Obligation Debt</u>				Energy Upgrade		Early etirement	
June 30,	Principal			Interest	 Loan		Benefits	 Totals
2019	\$	31,265,000	\$	3,188,179	\$ 50,000	\$	925,037	\$ 35,428,216
2020		3,910,000		2,334,363	15,313		479,204	6,738,880
2021		4,050,000		2,182,438	-		273,956	6,506,394
2022		4,215,000		2,009,363	-		40,000	6,264,363
2023		4,390,000		1,828,663	-		-	6,218,663
2024-2028		21,810,000		6,499,838	-		-	28,309,838
2029-2033		23,200,000		1,919,931	-		-	25,119,931
2034		670,000	_	26,800	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 696,800
Total Payments	\$	93,510,000	\$	19,989,575	\$ 65,313		1,718,197	\$ 115,283,085
Less Interest							37,687	
Present Value of Early Retirement Benefits						\$	1,680,510	

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Payments of all capital outlay certificates were made from the Capital Outlay Fund.

The Energy Upgrade Loan was obtained during the year ended June 30, 2012 to provide lighting upgrades at WDTI. Repayment began during the year ended June 30, 2013. The loan requires annual payments of \$50,000 at 0% interest until maturity on July 1, 2024. This loan is paid from the Post Secondary Fund.

Early retirement benefits are available to teachers and administrators that meet certain criteria. Upon retirement, the employee is entitled to receive a payment which is dependent upon several criteria, one of which may include the employee's last contract salary. At June 30, 2018, there were 95 employees entitled to receive early retirement payments. Early retirement benefits are paid in two to six equal installments on the first payroll date after July 1 with subsequent payments every six months thereafter, until paid in full. Final payment is currently scheduled for January 2022. Early retirement benefit liabilities are recorded in the Statement of Net Position at the present value of future payments and have been discounted at a rate of 1.77%, 1.17%, and 1.68% per year, for liabilities incurred during the years ended June 30, 2018, June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2016, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, payments of early retirement benefits were made from the General Fund in the amount of \$2,126,633 and from the Post Secondary Fund in the amount of \$57,641.

Sinking fund provisions on the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates - Qualified School Construction Bonds require semi-annual deposits of \$78,947 on or before May 1 and November 1 of each year through 2029, during which the fund will continue to earn interest until maturity of the debt on November 1, 2029. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the Debt Service Fund in the governmental funds balance sheet. The total amount included in the sinking fund for the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates as of June 30, 2018 was \$1,115,772.

Sinking fund provisions on the 2011A Capital Outlay Certificates require semi-annual deposits of \$108,108 on or before May 1 and November 1 of each year through May 2030, during which the fund will continue to earn interest until maturity of the debt on November 1, 2030. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the Debt Service Fund in the governmental funds balance sheet. The total amount included in the sinking fund for the 2011A Capital Outlay Certificates as of June 30, 2018 was \$1,388,253.

NOTE 7 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following table shows restricted net position and the purposes for such restrictions as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Major Purposes:	Restricted By	_	Amount
Capital Outlay Purposes	State Law	\$	23,603,288
Special Education Purposes	State Law		4,233,743
Post Secondary Purposes	State Law		3,554,337
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	State Law		31,646,555
Debt Service Purpose	Debt Covenants		2,504,025
Total Restricted Net Position		\$	65,541,948

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District. Levy amounts are established by state statute per \$1,000 of taxable valuation of property in the district. State statute allows the General Fund tax rates to be increased by special election of the voters.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Information

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7% prior to 2008 and 1.55% thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4% for service prior to 2008 and 2.0% thereafter of employee final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733% for service prior to 2008 and 3.333% thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80% to 99.9%, indexed with the CPI
 - 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
 - o 80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% 2.1% COLA

The 2017 legislation modified the COLA, effective for July 1, 2018 increase:

- Baseline actuarial liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities the COLA will be:
 - o The increase in the 3rd Quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no great than 3.5%
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the member's accumulated contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were \$4,987,020, \$4,696,367, and \$4,219,783, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 and reported by the District as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Proportionate Share of Pension Liability	\$	449,228,466
Less: Proportionate Share of Net Pension Restricted for Pension Benefit	_	449,578,857
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(350,391)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$(350,391) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 3.86%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.161% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of \$(12,691,615) At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 5,614,239	\$ -
Changes in Assumption	27,205,737	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	6,736,628
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	671,392	445,596
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,987,020	
Total	\$ 38,478,388	\$ 7,182,224

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$4,987,020 is reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2019	\$ 7,290,27	'1
2020	12,003,75	9
2021	8,674,27	6
2022	(1,659,16	(2
2023		-
Thereafter		_
Total	\$ 26,309,14	4

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00%

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.5%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.7%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 64,174,179	\$ (350,931)	\$ (52,894,375)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURES

Black Hills Special Services Cooperative

The District participates in the Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (the Co-op), a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special educational services to the member school districts. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District paid \$633,362 for services provided by the Co-op.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Spearfish School District No. 40-2	8.33%
Lead/Deadwood School District No. 40-1	8.33%
Oelrichs School District No. 23-3	8.33%
Meade School District No. 46-1	8.33%
Rapid City School District No. 51-4	8.33%
Belle Fourche School District No. 9-1	8.33%
Custer School District No. 16-1	8.33%
Douglas School District No. 51-1	8.33%
Edgemont School District No. 23-1	8.33%
Haakon School District No. 27-1	8.33%
Hill City School District No. 51-2	8.33%
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2	8.33%

The Co-op's governing board is comprised of one representative from each member school district who is a school board member. The board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Black Hills Special Services Cooperative.

At June 30, 2018, this joint venture had assets of \$6,448,534, deferred outflows of \$6,516,428, liabilities of \$2,425,979, deferred inflows of \$1,145,180 and net position of \$9,396,025 (unaudited).

Rapid City Performing Arts Center

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Rapid City (City) and the Rapid City Performing Arts Coalition (Coalition) to construct and renovate a Performing Arts Center owned by the District. The District retains all ownership of the Rapid City Performing Arts Center (RCPAC).

A Board of Directors was established to set policies and procedures for the management and operation of the RCPAC. Board members are appointed by the City, the District, and the Coalition. Proceeds from the sale of tickets and concessions will be retained by the organization holding the event at the RCPAC.

NOTE 11 - WESTERN DAKOTA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE LEASE

The District operates Western Dakota Technical Institute (WDTI) in facilities owned by the State of South Dakota. These facilities are leased by WDTI from the South Dakota Board of Education. The facilities were constructed with debt proceeds issued by the South Dakota Health and Education Facilities Authority (Authority). The South Dakota Board of Education leases the facility from the Authority and then sub-leases it to WDTI to operate a post-secondary education facility. The lease agreement calls for rental payments coinciding with the bond retirement schedule. Currently, those rentals are being paid by WDTI through a monthly facility fee for each attending student at a rate set by the State Board of Education. It is anticipated that these fees will be sufficient to make the debt payments throughout the term of the leases and, therefore, no rent expense has been recorded by the District. As of June 30, 2018 this rate was \$35 per credit hour for credit courses and \$0.45 per clock hour per student for non-credit courses. Total expenditures related to this monthly facility fee for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$866,413 for credit courses and \$2,320 for non-credit courses.

The WDTI campus was financed by debt issued by the Authority and ownership of the campus is held by the Authority. As such, the facilities comprising the WDTI campus are not reported as assets by the District. The estimated book value of these assets was \$59,292,176 as of June 30, 2018. The bonds used to construct these facilities are not obligations of the District and are being repaid by fees assessed by the South Dakota Board of Education. Therefore, the outstanding bonds are not included in these financial statements. The bonds currently being used for construction are shown in these financial statements and long-term liabilities due to other governments, upon completion of the construction project, all assets and related debt will be transferred to the State of South Dakota.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance

During the year ended June 30, 2018, employees of the District were covered by a self-insured health and dental insurance plan. The self-insured health plan has been in place since September 1993 and the self-insured dental plan was established during the year ended June 30, 2010. The District pays 75% of the family premium and 100% of the single premium. The coverage provides various deductibles per calendar year. After the deductibles of \$2,000 per individual or \$3,600 per family for the health insurance plan and \$50 per individual and \$150 per family for the dental insurance plan are met, the plan has a 70% coinsurance up to an out of pocket limit of \$4,000 single or \$6,800 family after which 100% is paid. Included in the group insurance premium is also a \$10,000 life insurance and accidental death insurance policy. Claims are paid by a third-party administrator (Wellmark) acting on behalf of the District. The administrative contract between the District and Wellmark is renewable annually and administrative fees and stop-loss premiums are included in the contractual provision. The District is covered by stop loss coverage for individual claims exceeding \$175,000.

In accordance with the District's self-insured health insurance plan agreement, retired employees of the District may elect to continue their participation in the plan. Retired employees must pay 100% of the premiums for coverage. The amount of participant contributions, net of benefit expenditures/expenses, recognized during the year ended June 30, 2018 for retired employees was \$342,087. As of June 30, 2018, there were approximately 116 retirees eligible to receive benefits.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District estimates the liabilities for claims based on claims paid out subsequent to year-end. Changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

			С	urrent Year		
	Be	ginning of	(Claims and		Balance at
	Fi	scal Year		Changes	Claim	Fiscal
		Liability	ir	n Estimates	 Payments	 Year-end
2015 - 2016	\$	966,968	\$	13,348,945	\$ 13,357,913	\$ 958,000
2016 - 2017		958,000		15,433,218	15,444,218	947,000
2017 - 2018		947,000		17,654,496	17,536,496	1,065,000

As of June 30, 2018, the District had accumulated \$12,149,016 in the Master Insurance Fund, which is available to fund claims incurred in future years.

Liability Insurance

The District purchases insurance for risks related to theft or damage to property, general liability, educators' legal liability, automobile and crime and fidelity from a commercial carrier, American Zurich Insurance Company, through Western Dakota Insurors.

The policy provides that the above coverage will be provided with a \$3,000,000 limit on liability coverage and \$358,616,600 limit on property. As of June 30, 2018, the District carried the following deductibles related to insurance coverage:

General Liability	\$ -
Educators Legal Liability	10,000
Property	5,000
Automobile	3,000
Crime	1,000

In prior years, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the District's liability coverage.

Workmen's Compensation

The District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier.

Unemployment Benefits

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

The District has accumulated \$53,648 in the Unemployment Fund, which is available to fund unemployment claims incurred in future years. Claims are billed by the state quarterly. During the year ended June 30, 2018 total claims were \$17,631. These claims were funded by interest earnings on deposits and premium payments recorded in the Unemployment Fund. The District expects that interest earned on these deposits during fiscal year 2018 and current cash reserves in the Unemployment Fund will be sufficient to cover claims incurred during fiscal year 2019.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Pending Litigation

The District is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

Construction in Progress

The District has projects at several locations for storm sewer renovations, lighting upgrades, and the Education Center Renovations. These projects are expected to cost approximately \$10,500,000 and will be paid for with capital outlay funds. These projects are expected to be completed in FY 2019.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District bought a property jointly with the YMCA of Rapid City. This joint building is being remodeled. The total cost of the renovations will be approximately \$4,250,000 with an estimated completion date of June 2019. The project is being funded with reserves and the proceeds from the sale of the administration center.

NOTE 14 - INTERNAL BALANCES

Internal balances as shown on the Statement of Net Position are related to the allocation of the net position of the Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description

The Rapid City Area School District offers a self-insured health insurance plan. Claims are paid by a third-party administrator (Wellmark) acting on behalf of the District. Retired employees of the District may elect to continue their participation in the plan. The self-insured health insurance plan is a single employer plan, established under SDCL 13-10-3. Coverage ceases when the retiree attains the age of 65. Retired employees must pay 100% of the premiums for coverage. The contribution rates of the covered retirees are established by, and may be amended by, the School Board. The self-insured health plan does not have separately stated stand-alone financial statements.

Funding Policy

Retired employees must pay 100% of the premiums for coverage. Under GASB 45, the District incurs an expense due to the implicit rate subsidy for retirees.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Liability

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the beginning balance of the OPEB liability was \$4,831,242. Total OPEB liability was determined as the measurement date, which is June 30, 2018. The changes in the total OPEB liability for 2018 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - June 30, 2017	\$ 4,831,242
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	225,134
Interest on total OPEB Liability	184,893
Effect on assumption changes or inputs	(130,911)
Benefit Payments	 (557,000)
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2018	\$ 4,553,358

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB Expense of \$397,861. OPEB expense was determined as follows:

Service Costs	\$ 225,134
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	184,893
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:	
Recognition of assumption changes	 (12,166)
OPEB Expense	\$ 397,861

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red		Deferred	
	Outflov	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resou	ırces	R	Resources	
Differences Between Expected					
and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes in Assumptions/Inputs		-		(118,746)	
Net Difference Between Projected					
and Actual Investments					
	\$		\$	(118,746)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB (revenue) expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	\$ (12,166)
2019	(12,166)
2020	(12,166)
2021	(12,166)
2022	(12,166)
2023	 (57,916)
Thereafter	\$ (118,746)

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The state prohibits local governments from separately rating active employees and retirees, therefore both groups are charged an equal, blended premium rate for single or family coverage. Although both groups are charged the same rate, GAAP requires the actuarial amounts to be calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and projected forward to the measurement date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions:

- The assumed claims costs were developed using historical claim experience through June 30, 2018 and adjusting with normative data from the Healthcare Analytics database.
- Health care cost trend rates were 6.5% for 2018, decreasing 0.5% until an ultimate health care cost trend rate of 4.5% is reached.
- The discount rate used was 3.58% at the beginning of the year and 3.87% at the end of the year. Discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation index.
- Salary increases were calculated at 3.5% per year.
- Mortality was according to RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-17 and applied on gender-specific basis.
- Retiree participation rate was assumed to be 60% and initial spouse participation rate was assumed to be 20% for both male and female employees.
- Turnover rates were based on the South Dakota Retirement System actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Sample rates vary by age:

	Rate				
	Class A	Class A Teachers		on-teachers	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
25	16.80%	15.80%	9.90%	10.80%	
30	11.20%	11.20%	8.20%	9.10%	
35	8.50%	8.50%	7.10%	7.60%	
40	6.47%	6.60%	5.90%	6.70%	
45	4.75%	4.55%	5.20%	5.90%	
50	4.25%	4.25%	4.70%	5.20%	
55	4.25%	4.25%	4.50%	5.00%	

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

• Retirement rates vary by age, as follows and were based on the South Dakota Retirement System actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017:

	Rate						
	Class A	Class A Teachers		n-teachers			
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female			
55-58	7.0%	6.5%	5.0%	4.0%			
59	7.0%	7.5%	5.0%	6.0%			
60	9.0%	8.5%	6.0%	8.0%			
61	12.5%	12.0%	10.0%	9.5%			
62-63	12.5%	12.5%	13.5%	12.0%			
64	17.5%	20.0%	17.5%	20.0%			
65	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	32.5%			
66-69	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	20.0%			
70-77	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%			
78-79	50.0%	50.0%	30.0%	30.0%			
80	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

Sensitivity Analysis

The following represents the District's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher that the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease 2.87%		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase 4.87%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	4,155,000	\$	4,553,000	\$	5,042,000	

The following represents the District's total OPEB liability, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates:

	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	4,176,000	\$	4,553,000	\$	5,007,000

NOTE 16 - CONCENTRATIONS

The District is dependent upon program revenues and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

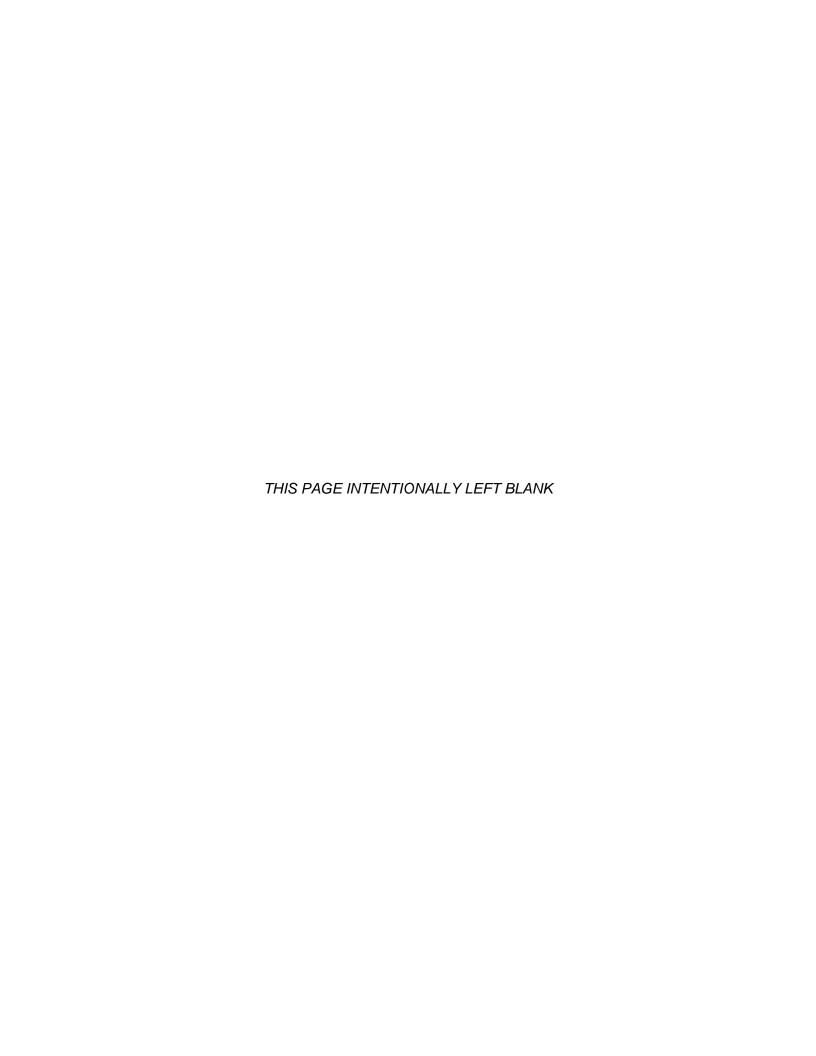
NOTE 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District identified retainage for prior period construction project that was paid in the current year by the Post Secondary Fund. The Other Post Employment Benefit was also adjusted to comply with GASB 75, resulting in a restatement of the prior liability balance reported. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated to reflect the prior period adjustments. Net position and fund balances for major funds, governmental activities, and business-type activities as of July 1, 2017 are as follows:

	Post Secondary (WDT) Fund	Governmental Activities	Food Service Fund	Preschool Fund	Business-type Activites
Net Position/Fund Balance July 1, 2017, as Previously Reported	\$ 3,718,164	\$ 149,137,044	\$ 3,409,767	\$ 75,493	\$ 4,209,061
Prior Year Retainage	266,466	266,466	-	-	-
OPEB Liability	<u>-</u>	(2,072,686)	(51,372)	(8,126)	(59,498)
Net Position/Fund Balance					
July 1, 2017,as Restated	\$ 3,984,630	\$ 147,330,824	\$ 3,358,395	\$ 67,367	<u>\$ 4,149,563</u>

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has considered subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.





Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final
Revenue From Local Sources:		
Taxes:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 17,865,000	\$ 17,865,000
Prior Years' Ad Valorem	17,875,000	17,875,000
Gross Receipts Taxes	1,200,000	1,200,000
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	75,000	75,000
Tuition and Fees		
Local Sources	135,000	135,000
Support Services	640,000	640,000
Cocurricular Activities	250,400	250,400
Earnings on Deposits	20,000	20,000
Restricted Operating Contributions	170,000	629,950
Other Local Revenue	67,500	67,500
Total Revenue From Local Sources	38,297,900	38,757,850
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:		
County Sources	900,000	900,000
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	400,000	400,000
Revenue for Joint Facilities	225,000	225,000
Total Revenue From Intermediate Sources	1,525,000	1,525,000
Revenue From State Sources:		
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	36,791,000	36,791,000
Other State Revenue	72,900	133,925
Total Revenue From State Sources	36,863,900	36,924,925
Revenue From Federal Sources:		
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	_	-
Restricted Grants-in-aid	6,706,302	8,962,759
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	6,706,302	8,962,759
Total November Form Foderal Courses		2,002,.00
TOTAL REVENUES	83,393,102	86,170,534

Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)		
17,474,573	\$ (390,427)		
18,263,829	388,829		
1,176,849	(23,151)		
64,959	(10,041)		
115,696	(19,304)		
624,239	(15,761)		
333,565	83,165		
157,913	137,913		
328,026	(301,924)		
329,484	261,984		
38,869,133	111,283		
819,923	(80,077)		
198,045	(201,955)		
260,503	35,503		
1,278,471	(246,529)		
41,459,969	4,668,969		
133,156	(769)		
41,593,125	4,668,200		
36,092	36,092		
7,778,134	(1,184,625)		
7,814,226	(1,148,533)		
89,554,955	3,384,421		

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Budgetary Basis (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts
	Original	Final
EXPENDITURES		
Instructional Services:		
Regular Programs	49,618,779	50,132,117
Special Programs	4,254,527	4,632,073
Total Instructional Services	53,873,306	54,764,190
Support Services:		
Pupils	2,817,092	2,875,934
Instructional Staff	5,678,446	7,192,717
General Administration	2,561,244	2,662,352
School Administration	6,808,914	6,946,205
Business	15,101,786	15,104,236
Central	963,791	963,791
Other Support Services		6,962
Total Support Services	33,931,273	35,752,197
Community Services:		
Community Recreation Services	72,898	72,898
Custody and Care of Children	226,053	227,476
Nonpublic School Pupil Services	206,430	219,150
Total Community Services	505,381	519,524
·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cocurricular Activities:	070 604	070 604
Male Activities Female Activities	970,694	970,694
Combined Activities	854,040 814,274	854,040 814,274
Total Cocurricular Activities	2,639,008	2,639,008
Total Cocumcular Activities	<u> </u>	
Other Nonprogrammed Costs	2,332,000	2,332,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	93,280,968	96,006,919
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(9,887,866)	(9,836,385)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Net Transfers In (Out)	8,000,000	8,000,000
Sale of Surplus Property	<u> </u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	8,000,000	8,000,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,887,866)	(1,836,385)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	13,688,403	13,688,403
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 11,800,537</u>	<u>\$ 11,852,018</u>

Actual	Variance
(Budgetary	Positive
Basis)	(Negative)
48,626,959	1,505,158
4,330,811	301,262
52,957,770	1,806,420
2,784,881	91,053
5,847,028	1,345,689
2,563,573	98,779
6,882,395	63,810
16,376,863	(1,272,627)
947,505	16,286
3,564	3,398
35,405,809	346,388
73,297	(399)
219,602	7,874
247,933	(28,783)
540,832	(21,308)
1,027,596	(56,902)
1,008,147	(154,107)
931,772	(117,498)
2,967,515	(328,507)
2,126,633	205,367
93,998,559	2,008,360
(4,443,604)	5,392,781
6,741,668 2,400	(1,258,332)
2,300,464 13,688,403	(1,255,932) 4,136,849 -
\$ 15,988,867	\$ 4,136,849

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES Revenue From Local Sources:	_	Budgeted Original		Amounts Final
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	10,284,979	\$	10,284,979
Prior Years' Ad Valorem		10,103,901		10,103,901
Gross Receipts Taxes		8,000		8,000
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		25,000		25,000
Earnings on Deposits		10,000		10,000
Other Local Revenue		<u>-</u>		
Total Revenue From Local Sources		20,431,880	_	20,431,880
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:				
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-		-
Revenue for Joint Facilities		-		-
Total Revenue From Intermediate Sources				
TOTAL REVENUES		20,431,880		20,431,880

Actual	Variance		
(Budgetary	Positive		
Basis)	(Negative)		
	(rrogamo _/		
\$ 10,542,056	\$ 257,077		
10,138,559	34,658		
3,882	(4,118)		
31,312	6,312		
179,119	169,119		
1,507,010	1,507,010		
22,401,938	1,970,058		
78,123	78,123		
104,247	104,247		
182,370	182,370		
22,584,308	2,152,428		

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund Budgetary Basis (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: Regular Programs Special Programs Total Instructional Services Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration	Budgeted Original 4,025,173 2,861 4,028,034 52,554 1,714,993	Amounts Final 4,025,173 2,861 4,028,034 52,554 1,714,993
School Administration Business Central Special Education Total Support Services	8,907 6,904,710 98,575 343,350 9,123,089	8,907 9,906,710 98,575 343,350 12,125,089
Community Services: Nonpublic School Pupil Services	100,000	100,000
Cocurricular Activities: Male Activities Female Activities Combined Activities Total Cocurricular Activities	51,135 26,471 6,073 83,679	51,135 26,471 6,073 83,679
Debt Services	6,666,671	35,166,271
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,001,473	51,503,073
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	430,407	(31,071,193)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Net Transfers Debt Proceeds Interest Rebate Sale of Surplus Property	(8,374,111) - 800,000 	(5,374,111) 28,500,000 800,000 1,500,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(7,574,111)	25,425,889
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(7,143,704) 24,281,977	(5,645,304) 24,281,977
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 17,138,273	\$ 18,636,673

Actual	Variance
(Budgetary	Positive
Basis)	(Negative)
2,631,532	1,393,641
8,095	(5,234)
2,639,627	1,388,407
53,175	(621)
1,727,167	(12,174)
35,540	(35,540)
10,113	(1,206)
9,510,149	396,561
94,972	3,603
340,110	3,240
11,771,226	353,863
11,771,220	
4.4.477	25 522
14,477	85,523
53,900	(2,765)
27,271	(800)
7,633	(1,560)
88,804	(5,125)
7.550.000	
7,552,698	27,613,573
22,066,832	29,436,241
517,476	31,588,669
(4,374,111)	1,000,000
28,427,372	(72,628)
783,368	(16,632)
1,500,275	275
	044.045
26,336,904	911,015
26,854,380	32,499,684
24,281,977	
\$ 51,136,357	\$ 32,400,684
<u>\$ 51,136,357</u>	<u>\$ 32,499,684</u>

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES Revenue From Local Sources:	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes Tuition and Fees Support Services Earnings on Deposits Restricted Operating Contributions Other Local Revenue Total Revenue From Local Sources	\$ 4,992,615 5,142,673 4,000 12,000 100,000 4,500 - - 10,255,788	\$ 4,992,615 5,142,673 4,000 12,000 100,000 4,500 - - 10,255,788
Revenue From Intermediate Sources: Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	75,000	75,000
Revenue From State Sources: Restricted Grants-in-aid Revenue From Federal Sources:	8,037,699	8,037,699
Restricted Grants-in-aid	3,538,597	3,539,008
TOTAL REVENUES	21,907,084	21,907,495
EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: Regular Programs Special Programs Total Instructional Services	225,780 14,701,796 14,927,576	225,780 14,701,796 14,927,576
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Special Education Total Support Services	4,927,568 155,259 2,423,219 7,506,046	4,927,568 170,446 2,423,219 7,521,233
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,433,622	22,448,809
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(526,538) 5,012,702	(541,314) 5,012,702
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 4,486,164	\$ 4,471,388

	Actual Budgetary Basis)	/ariance Positive Negative)
\$	5,365,776 5,278,174 2,021 16,135	\$ 373,161 135,501 (1,979) 4,135
_	48,779 20,545 375 179 10,731,984	 (51,221) 16,045 375 179 476,196
	40,588	(34,412)
	7,704,099	 (333,600)
	3,709,369	 170,361
	22,186,040	 278,545
_	252,281 14,672,255 14,924,536	 (26,501) 29,541 3,040
_	4,867,980 77,572 2,083,266 7,028,818	 59,588 92,874 339,953 492,415
	21,953,354	 495,455
	232,686 5,012,702	 774,000
\$	5,245,388	\$ 774,000

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Post Secondary Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES Revenue From Local Sources:	Budgeted Original	_	Amounts Final
Tuition and Fees Local Sources Support Services Post Secondary Earnings on Deposits Other Local Revenue Total Revenue From Local Sources	\$ 6,371,902 775,000 267,144 600 291,000 7,705,646	\$	6,133,902 775,000 267,144 600 446,000 7,622,646
Revenue From State Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-aid Restricted Grants-in-aid Other State Revenue Total Revenue From State Sources	255,250 3,283,364 660,738 4,199,352	_	245,250 3,438,364 837,738 4,521,352
Revenue From Federal Sources: Restricted Grants-in-aid Other Federal Revenue Total Revenue From Federal Sources	416,600 7,000 423,600	_	492,074 500 492,574
TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES	12,328,598		12,636,572
Instructional Services: Post-secondary Occupational Programs Total Instructional Services	5,706,812 5,706,812	_	6,028,858 6,028,858
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business Central Other Support Services Total Support Services	487,244 227,751 456,215 980,811 3,414,328 927,637 5,300 6,499,286		398,909 223,872 577,107 1,013,096 3,389,864 966,643 9,300 6,578,791
Other Nonprogrammed Costs	 87,500	_	53,982
Debt Services	 50,000	_	50,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 12,343,598	_	12,711,631

 Actual Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)	_
\$ 6,063,804 739,949 247,917 296 440,441 7,492,407	\$ (70,098 (35,05) (19,22) (304 (5,559 (130,238	1) 7) 4) 9)
 265,450 3,439,109 762,657 4,467,216	20,200 74! (75,08) (54,130	5 <u>1</u>)
514,621 3,580 518,201	22,54 ² 3,080 25,62 ²	0
 12,477,824	(158,74	<u>3</u>)
6,038,177 6,038,177	(9,319	
391,825 211,697 575,875 991,769 3,202,291 867,710 7,033 6,248,200	7,08- 12,179 1,232 21,322 187,573 98,933 2,266 330,59	5 7 3 7 1
 75,753	(21,77	<u>1</u>)
50,000 12,412,130	299,50	<u>-</u> 1
 ,,		÷

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Post Secondary Fund - Budgetary Basis (Continued)

018

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,000)	(75,059)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Sale of Surplus Property	15,000	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	3,984,630	(75,059) 3,984,630
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,984,630	\$ 3,909,571

(Actual Budgetary Basis)	/ariance Positive Negative)
	65,694	140,753
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
	65,694 3,984,630	140,753 -
\$	4,050,324	\$ 140,753

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular Board meeting in May of each year, the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency Funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information are presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2018

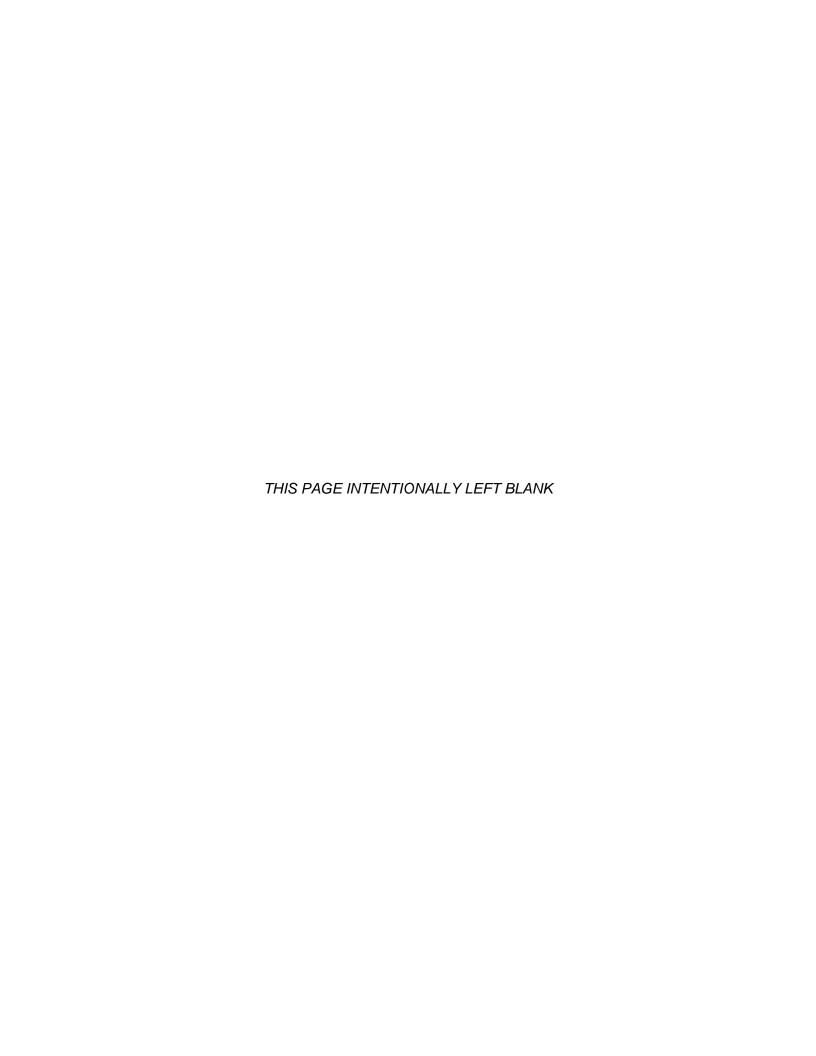
Service Cost	\$	225,134
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		184,893
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs		(130,911)
Benefit Payments	_	(557,000)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(277,884)
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	_	4,831,242
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	<u>\$</u>	4,553,358
District's Covered-employee Payroll	\$	94,276,773
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		4.83%

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Years Ended June 30

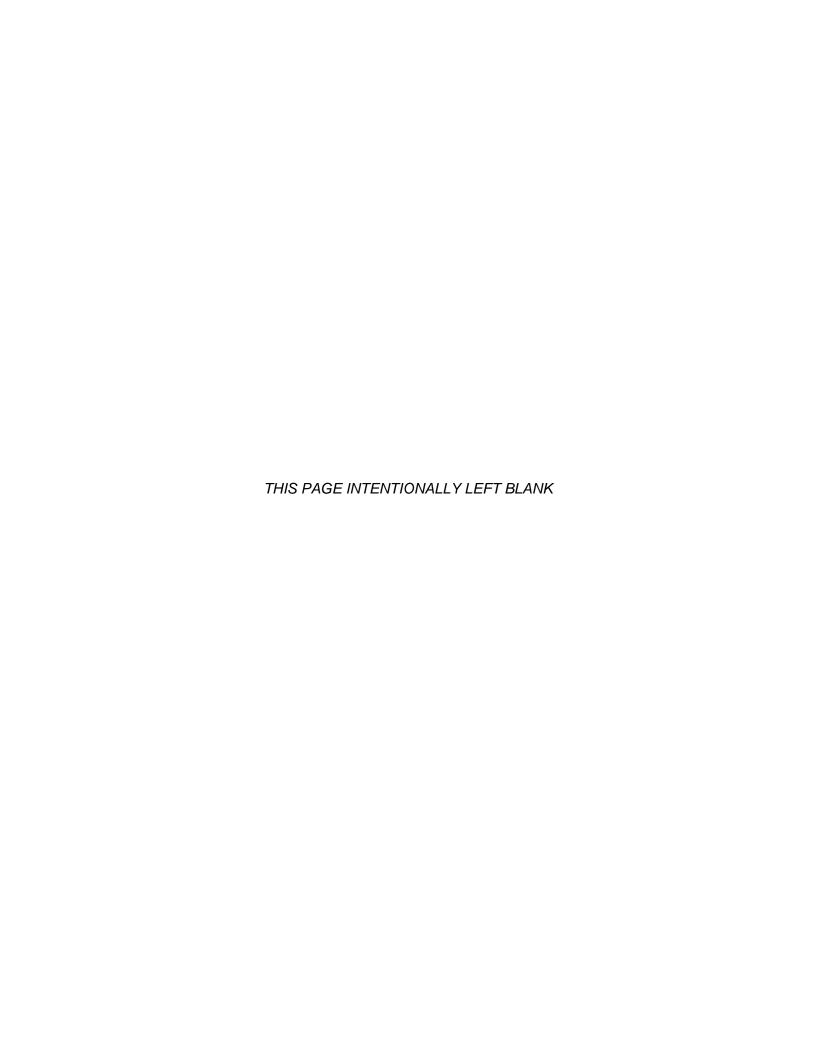
							District's Proportionate			
							Share of the Net			
							Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary		
				District's			(Asset) as a	Net Position as a		
		District's	F	Proportionate		District's	Percentage of its	Percentage of		
		Proportion of the	Sh	are of the Net			et Covered- C		Covered-	the Total
		Net Pension	Pe	ension Liability			employee	Pension Liability		
_	Year	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)		Payroll	Payroll	(Asset)		
	2018	3.8610217%	\$	(350,392)	\$	78,267,895	-0.45%	100.10%		
	2017	3.7005170%	\$	12,499,983		70,329,411	17.77%	96.89%		
	2016	3.8704467%		(16,415,670)		70,622,542	-23.24%	104.10%		
	2015	4.0386593%		(29,096,889)		70,732,350	-41.14%	107.30%		

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Years Ended June 30

Year	Contractually Required		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually- required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered- employee Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	
2018	\$	4,987,020	\$	4,987,020		-	\$	83,118,457		6.00%
2017		4,696,367		4,696,367		-		78,267,895		6.00%
2016		4,219,783		4,219,783		-		70,329,411		6.00%
2015		4,243,941		4,243,941		-		70,622,542		6.01%







Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 School District Officials June 30, 2018

BOARD MEMBERS

Ron Riherd, President
Amy Policky, 1st Vice President
Mike Roesler, 2nd Vice President
Matt Stephens
Curt Pochardt
Christine Stephenson
Kate Thomas

SUPERINTENDENT

Dr. Lori Simon

DIRECTOR OF BUDGET, FINANCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

David Janak

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

CFDA				
Numbers	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity, if Applicable	Pass-through ID	Amount
	Child Nutrition Cluster: U.S. Department of Agriculture			
10 . 555	Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	South Dakota Department of Education	NA	\$ 577,547
	Cash Assistance:			
10 . 553	School Breakfast Program (Note 2)	South Dakota Department of Education	183SD10N1099	887,545
10 . 555	National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	South Dakota Department of Education	183SD10N1099	2,801,529
10 . 559	Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note 2)	South Dakota Department of Education	183SD10N1099	99,090
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,365,711
	Student Financial Assistance Programs Cluster:			
	U.S. Department of Education			
84 . 007	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants		P033A175127	32,924
84 . 033	Federal Work Study Programs		P033A175127	25,501
84 . 063	Federal PELL Grant Program		P063P173303	2,538,892
84 . 268	Federal Direct Student Loans (Note 4)		P268K183303	4,755,805
	Total Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster			7,353,122
	Special Education Cluster:			
	U.S. Department of Education			
84 . 027	Special Education - Grants to States (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	H027A170091	3,261,955
84 . 027	Special Education - Grants to States (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	2015G-456 SSIP	69,816
84 . 027	Special Education - Grants to States (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	H027A190091	59,308
84 . 173	Special Education - Preschool Grants (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	H183A160091	77,783
84 . 173	Special Education - Preschool Grants (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	2015G-456 SSIP	7,757
	Total Special Education Cluster			3,476,619

See independent auditor's report.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

CFDA Numbers	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity, if Applicable	Pass-through ID	Amount
84 . 060	Indian Education Cluster: U.S. Department of Education Indian Education - Grants to Local Education Agencies Total Indian Education Cluster		S060A170898	534,375 534,375
10 . 665 10 . 582	Other Programs: U.S. Department of Agriculture Schools and Roads - Grants to States (Note 2) Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (Note 3) Total Department of Agriculture	Pennington County South Dakota Department of Education	NA 183SD371L1603	32,671 224,147 256,818
12 . 000	U.S. Department of Defense Reserve Officer Training Corp Total Department of Defense			75,570 75,570
17 . 282	U.S. Department of Labor Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training Grants Total Department of Labor			60,008
15 . 227	U.S. Department of Interior Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments (Note 2) Total Department of Interior			3,427 3,427
47 . 079	National Science Foundation Office of International Science and Engineering Total National Science Foundation	South Dakota Department of Education	2017G-448	10,219 10,219

See independent auditor's report.

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

CFDA				
Numbers	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity, if Applicable	Pass-through ID	Amount
81 . 128	U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency Conservation Block Grant Program,			
	Recovery Act (Note 5)	South Dakota Energy Management Office	N/A	115,314
	Total Department of Energy			115,314
	U.S. Department of Education			
84 . 010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	S010A170041	4,944,657
84 . 048	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	N/A	607,329
84 . 196	Education for Homeless Children and Youth	South Dakota Department of Education	S196A170043	85,486
84 . 287	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	South Dakota Department of Education	S287C170042	142,129
84 . 323	Special Education - Sate Personnel Development Grant	South Dakota Department of Education	H323A170015	29,293
84 . 367	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	South Dakota Department of Education	S367A170039-17A	983,780
84 . 377	School Improvement Grants (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education	S377A140042	262,201
	Total Department of Education			7,054,875
	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
93 . 913	Grants to States for Operation of Offices or Rural Health		6NB010T009-166-01-01	5,727
	Total Department of Homeland Security			5,727
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 23,311,785

Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

- NOTE 2: Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.
- NOTE 3: This represents a major federal financial assistance program.

NOTE 4: Loans guaranteed under federal guarantee loan programs and issued to parents of eligible students or eligible students attending this vocational technical school had the following values:

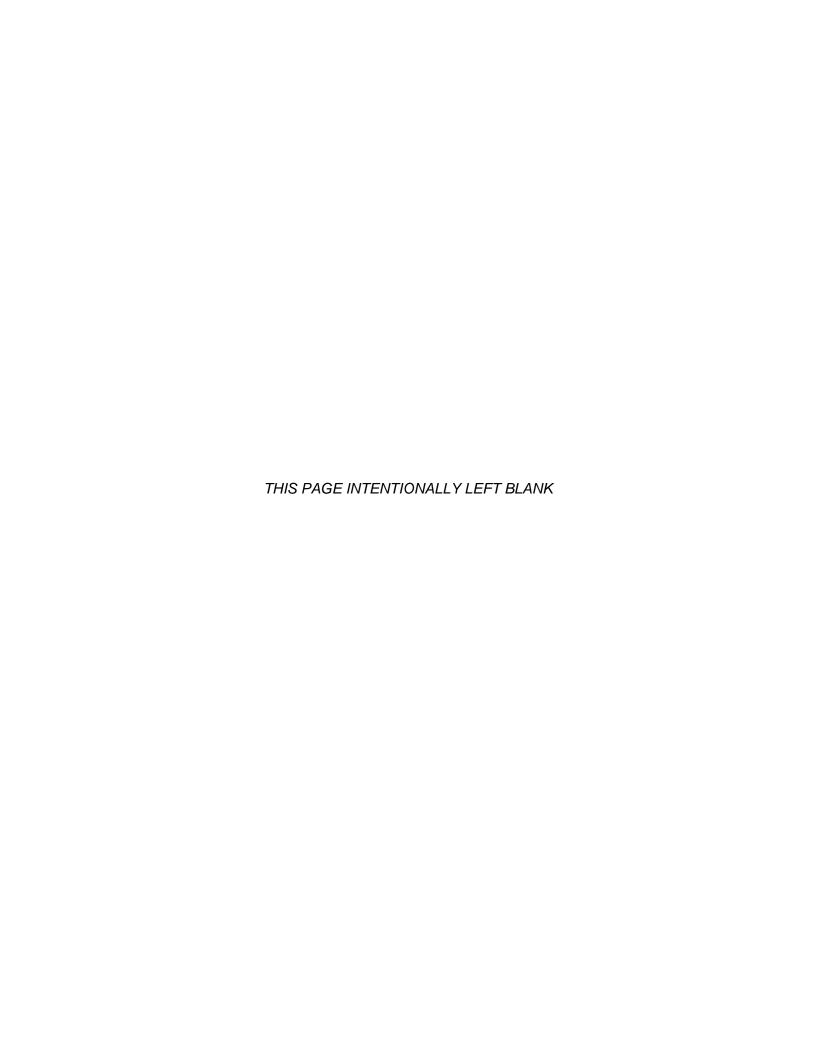
 Federal PLUS Loans
 \$ 73,297

 Stafford Loans
 2,113,969

 Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
 2,568,539

 Total
 \$ 4,755,805

- NOTE 5: This amount represents the loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2017. The outstanding loan balance was \$65,313 as of June 30, 2018.
- NOTE 6: The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- NOTE 7: The District has no amounts passed through to subrecipients.



Western Dakota Technical Institute (Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4) Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

ASSETS		Post Secondary VDT) Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net Due From Other Governments Inventory of Supplies Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale Prepaid Expenses	\$	3,699,221 104,694 128,657 254 224,742 275,306
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	4,432,874
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Employer Matching Payable Unearned Revenue	\$	138,585 87,766 42,984 2,933
Total Liabilities		272,268
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Grants Received Outside the Period of Availability		110,282
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		110,282
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:		
Inventory Prepaid Expenses Restricted:		213,677 275,306
For Post Secondary Education		3,561,341
Total Fund Balances		4,050,324
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND	_	:
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	4,432,874

Western Dakota Technical Institute (Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES Revenue From Local Sources:	Post Secondary (WDT) Fund
Tuition and Fees	Φ 0000001
Local Sources	\$ 6,063,804
Support Services	739,949
Post Secondary	247,917
Earnings on Deposits	296
Other Local Revenue	440,441
Total Revenue From Local Sources	7,492,407
Revenue From State Sources:	
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	265,450
Restricted Grants-in-aid	3,439,109
Total Revenue From State Sources	4,467,216
Revenue From Federal Sources:	
Restricted Grants-in-aid	514,621
TOTAL REVENUES	12,477,824

EXPENDITURES	Post Secondary (WDT) Fund
Instructional Services:	
Post Secondary Occupational Programs	5,864,200
Total Instructional Services	5,864,200
Support Services:	
Pupils	391,825
Instructional Staff	207,581
General Administration	575,875
School Administration	991,769
Business	3,188,455
Central	861,951
Other Support Services	7,033
Total Support Services	6,224,489
Other Nonprogrammed Costs	75,753
Debt Services	50,000
Capital Outlay	197,688
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,412,130
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	65,694
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING AS RESTATED	3,984,630
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 4,050,324

Western Dakota Technical Institute (Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4) Schedule of Long-term Liabilities June 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017		 Increase		Decrease		Balance June 30, 2018	
Accrued Leave Payable	\$	62,072	\$ 75,000	\$	(95,914)	\$	41,158	
Compensated Absences		493,581	-		(28,473)		465,108	
Early Retirement Benefits		68,339	21,152		(33,628)		55,863	
Other Post-employment Benefits		161,605	116,665		-		278,270	
Energy Upgrade Loan		115,313	 <u>-</u>		(50,000)		65,313	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	900,910	\$ 212,817	\$	(208,015)	\$	905,712	

Western Dakota Technical Institute (Rapid City Area School District No. 51-4) Schedule of Capital Assets June 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017		Increase		Decrease		Balance June 30, 2018	
Governmental Activities: Equipment Subtotal	\$	9,517,081 9,517,081	\$	197,688 197,688	\$	(169,721) (169,721)	\$	9,545,048 9,545,048
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for Equipment		4,158,414		855,090		(167,164)		4,846,340
Net Capital Assets	\$	5,358,667	\$	(657,402)	\$	(2,557)	\$	4,698,708